LOUISVILLE, KY., TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 21, 1865.

CALVERT, CIVILL & CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICE --- PRESS BUILDING, NO. 826. Jefferson Street.

DAILY UNION PRESS.

Mall subscribers, in advance, per year,\$10 00 6 months, 5 00 8 00 1 " 100

In the week-payable to the Carrier- 25c.

WEEKLY UNION PRESS.

One Copy for one year, (52 incres)... Test copies, (52 incres)... Twenty (52 incres)... We will send ONE EXTRA COPY with every CLUB OF TEN, TWO EXTRA COPIES with a CLUB OF TWENTY SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL LETTERS relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, or other business with the paper, should be addressed to "The Union Press, No. 226 Jefferson street Louisville, Ky." TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications for the paper should be addressed to The Editor of the Union Press, Louisville, Ky." Care should be taken to write on only one side of the No notice will be taken of Anonymous communications Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenti-cated by the name and address of the writer—not necesarily for publication, but as a guaranty of his good faith.

Advertisements in Weekly Union Press.

Advertisements in Daily Press. Five lines (forty words) or less, n column of "Wants, For Sale," "For Rent," "Boarding," "Lost," "Found, C., 21 cents each insertion.

CENERAL ORDERS.

H EADQUABTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY Louisville, Ky., March 15, 1883.
General Orders No. 12.—The following named officers are hereby announced upon the staff of the impor general commanding: Cart. K. B. Harlac, U. S. V., Ass. Adj General. Capt. S. B. Felsom holet Hi. Inf., Prov. Mar. Capt. Henry Howland, A. Q. M., Chief Quartermaster, Lieut. L. S. Babbitt, Ordnance Corps, Chief of Ord-

Thy will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By command of Bajor General Palmer. ommand of Bajor General Palmer.

J. P. WATS N, Capt. and A. A. A. G.

WAR DEPARIMENT, PROVOST MARSHAL GEN-eral coffice, Washington, D. C., March P., 1885. Circular No. 6—In collaboration of the Presi, ent herewith published, all officers and employees of this Bureauare Instructed to give rrompt attention to the receiving and forwarding of each deserters as present themselves in accordance with its provisions. tention to the receiving and forwarding of such deserters as present themselves in accordance with its provisions.

"ET THE PERSIDENT OF THE ENITED STATES OF AMERICA:

"A PROCEAMATION."

"Whereas the twenty first section of the sel of Congress, approved on the third instant emitted 'An act to amend the several acts heretofore passed to provide for the enrolling and calling out the material forces, and tor other purposes, 'r quires that in ad ition to the other lawful penalties of the crime of desertion from the military or naval service, all persons who have deserted the military or maval service, or report themselves to a provent Marshal within eixer days after the proclamation heremafter mentioned, shall be deemed and taken to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their rights of clitzenship and their rights to become citizens, and each deserters shall be forever incapable of holding any office of trustor profit under the United States, or or exercising any rights to citizens three, if and all persons who less the deserters shall before the right of the provided yond the lin is of the United States with intent to avoid any draft in the military or mayal service, duly ord-red, shall be liable to the penalties of this rection. And the President is hereby suthorized and required forthwith, on the passage of this act, to issne his proclamatin setting forth the provisions of this section, in which proclamation the President is requested to notify all desertes returning within sixty days, as aforesaid, that they shall be pardoned on coudtion of returning to their regimen s and companies, or to such other organizations as they may be assigned to, until they shall have served for a period of time equal to their origin alterm of enlistment. "Now, therefore, be it known that I, Arranaw Linsons, President of the United States, do use this my Proclamation, as required by said act, ordering and requiring all reserves to return to their proper posts; and Proclamation, as required by eaid act, ordering and requiring all conserters to return to their proper posts; and do hereby notify them that all do-orters who shall, within sixty days from the at-of this recolumnton, viz. on or before the bith day of May 188, return to service.

on or besere the loth day of may, 1885, return to service, or report t enselves to a Pro-out Marshal, shall be pardoned, on condition that they return to their regiments and companies, or to such other organizations as they may be assigned to, and serve the remainder of their not inside terms of enlistment, and, in addition thereto, a period equal to the time too't by desertion.

(1.8.) hend and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the ity of Washington, the eleventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hnudred and sixt-five, and of the independence of the United States, the eighty-ninth.

"By the President:

States, the eighty-sinth,

"By the President:

"Hilland H. Seward, S-cretary of State,"

The records and returns of three deserters will be made
up in the same mann r as is provided for in other cases by
existing regulations, except that it will be noted on the
book of obserters arrested opposite the name of the
deserter, the fact of his having viduntarily surrendered
himself in a infernity with the Presi e the Production
and the number thus surrendering themselves to be separterly a ated on the report to this office.

The Secretary of War directs, that no reward be paid
for the arrest of dearters who may be arrested subquent to the receipt of this older by the District Provost
Marshale.

Official: H. W. S'DELL, Lt. Col. 10th U. S. 1., and
A. A. V. M. G for Ky.

A. A. . . M. 6 for Ky.

TEAD-QUARTERS (EPARTMENTOF KENTUCKY, Lonisville, Ky., March 12, 185).

General Orders No. 10.—The General commanding an anymers to the colorest men of desirely that, by an act of ton response of the graph of the stately that, by an act of ton response of the stay of March, 1855, the wives and children may be reafter culist in the military service of the soldiers claim from them respect of the soldiers claim from them renewed efforts by corrage, fortinde and discipline, to win a good name, to be claimed to a free wife and free children. To colored men but in the army, it offers an eportunit, to coin freedom for themselves and their powerty.

The rights secured to color a soldiers under this law will, if uncessary, be enforced by the sufficient and the law will. If uncessary, the enforced by the sufficient manner and women of Kentucky will encourage colored men to children in the army, and, after they have done so, recognize them as upholders of their government and defenders of their homes, and exercise towards the hipless women and charity which has always characterized the people of the State.

1 roumand of Major General Palmer.

shee and Charty was septle of the State.

17 command of Major General PALNER.

J. P. WATSON,
Capt. and A. A. A. G. H EAD-QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY, 11 Louisville, f.yr., March 11, 1865.

ceneral Orders No. 9.—Brevet Brigadler General James
S. Brisbin, U. S. Vole. is her-by announced on the De-pertment Stoff, as Supermededent of the organization of United States troops, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly. United states troops, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

General Brisbin will superintend the organization of white and colored United States troops in Kentucky, and will issue the necessary instructions to secure the enlistment of such troops as rapidly as possible.

Commanding theors of troops in this Department are directed to afford him every facility in their power. All communications and reperts in reference to the organization of white and colored troops, intended for these Head-quartes, will be addressed to him.

General Brisbin will establish his Head-quarters at Lon wille, Ky.

By command of Major General Palmer.

J P. WATSON, Capt. and A.A. A. G.

H EAD-QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY, Louisville, Kr., March 13, 1962 HEAD-QUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF KENTUCKY, Louswille, Ky., Barch 13, 1862.
General Orders No. 11.—Camps of rendezvons for the reception of r crulivare hereby established at the following named places, and the officers designated as Comman dante wid immediately enter upon their duties:

Camp Nelson—Leut. Col. Go. A. Hannaford, 124th U. S. Colored Inisatry, Commandant.

Bowling Green—Lieut. Col. W. S. Balcock, 12th U. S. Heavy Artillery, Commandant.
Covington—Bevere Brig. Gen. J. F. Wade, U. S. Volunters, Commandant.
Hender-on—Lieut. Col. John Glenn, 126th U. S. Colored Infenty, Commandant.

Hender-on—Lieut. Col. W. A. Gage, 121st U. S. Colored Infenty, Commandant.

Mayeville—Lieut. Col. W. A. Gage, 121st U. S. Colored Infenty, Commandant. ommaudant.
- Lient. Col. W. A. Gage, 121st U. S. Colored Infantry, Commandant, Smithland—Licet Col. W. S. Foster, 13th U. S. Colored Beavy Artillery, Commandant, Colombus—Leut C.4. Peter R. Dabozy, 4th U. S. Colored Heavy Artillery, Commandant, General Orders No. 20, dated Loneville, Ky., June 13, 1644, eighed L. Thomas, Adjintant General, U. S. A., and General Orders No. 243, dated war Department, Washington, August 9, 1864, and signed E. D. Towosend, Arsistant Adjintant General, will be complied with.

Brevet Brigadier General James S. Brisbin, Superintendent Organization U. S. Troops in Kentucky, will give the necessary instructions and orders for the proper establishment and regulation of camps of ren'exposs.

By command of Major General J. M. PALMER.

By command of Major General J. M. PALMER.

J. P. WATSON, nd-Lieut Col. W. S. Foster, 13th U. S Colored

DRAFT.

HEADQUARTERS BOARD OF ENBALLMENT, Hifth District of Kentucky, Lonisville, March 15th, If fith District of Kentucky, Lonsville, March 19th, 1885.
The following section of "An act of Congress to amend the several acts between passed to provide for the envolting and calling out the national forces and for other purposes" is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

Section 23. And be'tt further enacted. That any person or persons envolted in any sub district may after notice of a 6 aft, and be'ore the time shall have taken piace, cause to be ministered into the arvice of the United States such number of recults not subject to daft, which the may deem expedient, which recruits shall stand to be credit of the persons thus confined from the beautiful of the persons thus confined from the most red in and shall be take the sub-bestitutes for such persons, or so many of them as may be deathed to the extent of the number of such results and is the oriest designated by the principals at the time such recruits are thus, as aforesaid, musered. 30. ter.d m.
The Board of Enrollment of the Fifth District of Kentucky will receive restalts in accordance with the above, when presented, until further orders. Pro. Mar. and Prest. Board of En. 5th Dis. Ky.

LOANS.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000, PAID IN, Fiscal Agent of the United States,

AND SPECIAL AGENT FOR JAY COOKE, SUBSCRIPTION AGENT Will Deliver 7-30 Notes, Free of Charge,

by express, in all parts of the country, and receive in payment checks on New York, Philadelphia and Boston, current bills, and all five per cent. Interest notes, with interest to date of subscription. Orders sent by mail will be promptly filled. This Bank receives the accounts of banks and bankers on favorable terme; also, of ludividuals keeping New York accounts.

J. U. ORVIS, President.

NATIONAL 7-30 LOAN. CUSCRIPTIONS TO THIS POPULAR LOAN REceived by the United States Depository in this city, at
his office in the Custom I-oue. Interest-bearing t.
Notes (except compond 5 per cent.) taken in payment.
W. D. GALLAGIIER,
mar8-tf Agent for Jay Cooke,

mar8-tf Democrat copy.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THE PLANTERS NATIONAL BANK HAVING Leen appointed an agent to receive subscriptions to this, the only LOAN now offered by the Government, is prepared to r. ceive subscripilous from parties wishing to luvest, and recommend it to ALL PERSONS desiring a per-manent and safe investment.

The notes are payable on the 15th of August, 1867, and

bear interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent. per annum, convertable at maturity, at the option of the holder, in the popular 5:06 per cent, gold bonds, and are exemp rom State and municipal taxatlon.
marl-1f J. M. DUNCAN, President.

Planters' National Bank OF LOUISVILLE. DIRECTORS:

J. F. SPEED, V. P. ABMSTRONG, LOUIS REHM. THIS BANK WILL OPEN THIS MORNING IN THE
Peoples' Bank Building, Hamilton Ricck, Sixth
street, near Main, for the purpose of transacting a gencral Banking, Exchange and Collecting Business.
Particular and prompt alternion with be given to collections.
J. M. DUNCAN, President.
J. W. BATCHELOR, Ca. h.

OIL WELL MACHINERY.

OIL WELL

TOOLS & MACHINERY.

AM MANUFACTURING AND KEEP CONSTANT-

Portable and Stationery Steam Engines,

BORING TOOLS

AND

Other Machinery Used in Boring for Oil and Salt.

Hydranlic Foundery and Machine Shop, LOUISVILLE, KY.

OIL WELL MACHINERY,

N CONMECTION WITH OUR STFAMBOAT AND 1. Stationery engine building, we are prepared to built PORT BLE ENGINES and OIL WEEL TOURS of double refined material at the shortest notice. Jack Screws Tobeco Machinery and Eay Fresses always on hand.

Washington Foundery, cor. Main and Ninth sts. feb-25-1m

MILITARY.

Recruiting for State Service. THE UNDERSIGNED IS AUTHORIZED BY THE
Governor of Kentucky to recruit one Beginnent of
Wounted In'antry, to be mastered into the service of the
State for the period of one year. Address
M. C. TAYLOR,
Colonel 15th Ky. Vols.,
Louisville, Ky.

AUCTION SALES.

W. B. LEONARD & CO.

AUCTION AND SALE STABLES,

Main Street, Between Sixth and Seventh Sts. Auction Sales Twice a Week, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY. bi6-tf E. D. HITCHENS, Anetloneer.

A SSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, LOUIS-A ville, March 15, 1865. our F-J DAY, 711. 247H DAY OF MABCH, 1865, I will ll at public auxt on at the Government stables on the d Oakland Race Course the following articles of con-man linearity.

d Oakland Race Course the meet property:
10 chairs,
77 feet Stove Pipe,
100 pounds Stove Pipe,
20 Horse Collars,
3-6 Curry Coules,
29 Horse Brushes,
29 Rope Haltens;
10 Ridding Sad-les,
60 Wa er 'uckets,
11 Saddle Blankete,
3 Anvils,
1 Puttress,
23 Firler Kinves,
1 Pottable Forage,
46 Fhowels.
Sale to commence at 10 o'c 12 Shocing Hammers,
2 Monkey Wrenches,
11 Taque Irons,
2 Grind Stones,
1 Hand Faw,
54 Steble Forks,
3 Pow-r Machines,
43 Let Leather Belting,
2 Pumps,
1 Counter Scale,
1 wair shears,
1 Wheel Barrow,
17 Bed Sacks,
6 Picks and Handles,

46 Flovels.
Sale to commence at 10 6'clock A. M. Terms cash.

JOHN T. ALLEN,
Capt and A. Q. M. A SSISTANT QURTERMASTER'S OFFICE, LOUIS-ville, Ky., March 15, 1865.
On THURSDAY, THE 235 DAY OF MAR 7H, I will reli at public auction a lot of condemned floress and mness at the Government stables on the Old Oakland Race Course. Sale to c unique at it o'clock A. M. Terms cash. Stock to be removed the same day at the risk of the purchaser. JUHN T. ALLEN, marl6-6t

Capt. and A. Q. M.

> CAS FITTING. CARR & RYAN,

PRACTICAL

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS AND

PLUMBERS Medical College Building, Corner Fifth and Green Streets, Louisville, Ky. WATER PIPES, Hydrants, Hose, Bath Tube, Shower Water PIPES, Hydrants, Hose, Bath Tube, Shower Baths, Water Closets, Wash Stands, Force and Life Pumpe for Wells and Cinterns, Sheet Lead, Lead and Iron Pipe. FINE ASSORTMENT OF GAS FIXTURES, BRASS WURK ANDSTEAM VALVES, Jobbing prompting attended.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

FALL GOODS!! BOOTS AND SHOES 2,000 CASES RECEIVED

> AND FOR SALE BY WOOD & SPELGER.

MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

.. 00b; Wa

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

DY VIRTUE OF VEND-1 EXPONAS, NO. 270, ISSUED from the District Court of the U.S. for the Kentucky District at Louisville, the undarigned will offer for sals on Tuesday, March 21, to the highest bidder; at Pracock's slable, on Third, between Market and Jefferson streets, in this city, one brown mare and two mules.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms cash.

M. A. MERBIWETHER, U.S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. No. 270
DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY: SS.
WHEREAS, an Information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the WHEREAS, an information has been fled in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 17th day of March. A. D. 1855, by Joshua Tevis, Esquire, Attorney for the United States for the District of Kentucky who provectuse herein in behalf of the United States against one brown mare, one sorrel mule and one black mare mule, alleging in substance that said goods and attiticles were seized on land, in the District of Kennucky, on the lat day of March. A. D. 1855, as forfeited to the United States, that said mare and mules were coming from the State of Tennessee to like State of Kennucky, without a permit therefor first oblained, in violation of the Act of Congress and the proclamation of the President of the United States, latered the state of said State of Tennessee and the citizens and inhabitants of the rest of the United States, and sgainst the regulations of the Treasnry Department of the United States. And that said articles became thereby forfeited to the nee of the United States of America, and praying process against the same that the same may be condemned as forfeited as a forfeited

U. S. Marshal's Sale. Dy Virtue of Vendition 1 Exponas, no. 209, which is not from the Clerk's office of the District Court of the United States at Loulville, on the 13th day of December, 1844, the undersigned, or one of us, will offer for sale in the 29th day of March. 1856, at the Court thouse door in Shelby ville, the life interest of Jacob Carlinger in a tract of land said to contain one undivided fifth of three huadrid and sixty four acres of land 1; ing on the waters of Bullskin in Shelby county, Kentucky, leing the same land on which Elizabeth Caplinger now resides

sides
Sale to take place between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock
of the above named day. Terms cash.
W. A. MERRIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D.
W. E. Benson, Deputy.

SUNDRIES.

COPFEE-1,000 bags of choice Rto for sale by JAMES A. FRAZER, marl8 6t '66 and 68 Walnut street, Cincinna

UGAR

Delibids fair to prime Cuba;

20 hhds prime to choice Porlo Rico;

20 hhds prime to choice N. O.;

100 hbl. Cuba extra;

50 bbls white Coffee;

200 bble Crushed and Powdered;

For sale by

JAMES A FRAZER,

marls-61

66 and 68 Wairul street, Cincinnal)

NOTICE.

To the Citizens of the Sixth Ward. HAVING BEEN APPOINTED BY A MEETING OF the Chizens of Aonisville, held in the Contribute has Friday Evening, one of the committee to collect and scriptions to like Draft Fund in the Sixth Ward. I would request every one lo come up promptly and hay over the amount of the subscription. I can be found at the store of Meesra, W. B. Belkhap & Co., northest corner of Main and Third streets [mari7-tf] JOHNC. NAUTS.

OHIO RIVER

JOHN B. SMITH, Sole Agent. I HAVE HAND AND AM CONSTANTLY REcooperage, which I offer to city and country dealers at
the lowest market price.

Third St., bet. Main and River, LOUISVILLE, KY.

BILLIARD ROOM. Great Western

BILLIARD ROOM U.S. Hotel, Fourth & Jefferson sts.

LOUISVILLE, KY. R. B. FLETCHER, Proprietor.

COLD PENS.

R. C. HILL'S CELEBRATED

MANUFACTORY AND

SALESROOM, No. 333 Third St. near Jefferson. The largest, heaviest and best Pen for the money in the market. For further particulars send for circular price list. Pens repaired every day. Watch and Pen price list

GOLD PENS REPOINTED FOR 50 CENTS and stamp Watches and Jewelry The best at 333 Third street.

WATCHES Repaired in the best style on short notice by experience workmen and warranted. Terms reasonable. oc4 dtf

REAL ESTATE ACENCY. T. W. M'COY.

Real Estate & Collecting

AGENCY. M'COY & FERRIER,

OFFICE-Greeham's Building, 2d Floor, JEFFERSONVILLE, IND.

REAL ESTATE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION BOUGH and sold, and collections promptly attended to.

REFFERENCE.—R. S. Heiskel, Jenersonville, Indiana Hon. David McDonald, Indianapolis, Indiana, T. W. Gibson, Reg., Louisville, R.y.

England's Future Retribution.

The True Policy of the People of the United States.

We extract the following from an exceedingly sensible and well-timed article in the Boston Advertiser. The writer deprecates the popular tendency to cry. out "vengeance" against England, and shows that the
true retribution is the one that will come
as a consequence of peace, and will fall as a consequence of peace, and will fall punctually upon the very heads that are most guilty, viz: the aristocrats and money-changers of England. The Democracy of England is with us heart and soul and has been from the first:

England is now divided against herself. The laboring class have made our war their own, because they recognized ln it the war of labor against oppression. The position taken against our cause by the mi position taken against our cause by the mi-nority which holds power and place in England, has created a break between themselves and the majority, who are seek-ing to enfranchise themselves, such as never existed before. Let us but succeed in restoring the Union and establishing freedom throughout our land, and the dem-ocratic idea on which our republic is found-ed stands justified to the world. Then will the people, the democrats of England claim the people, the democrats of England claim their sights, and then our enemies, the ariscocracy of England, will not dare deny them. But declare war with England, al low the aristocracy to raily the people to the defense of their country, and the cause of freedom and reform will be put back for a generation. The power of the aristocracy will be re-established, and a century will be lost to the progress of the democratic

idea in Europe.

The Nemesis will overtake the guilty.
Observe the beginning of a financial retribution in the following facts which prove that the true punishment of England is through her finances. Deprived of cotton from America, her toreign commerce has adjusted itself to a cotton trade with semi-barbarous and distant nations—Egypt,

barbarous and distant nations—Egypt, Turkey, India, China, Japan, &c. In the year 1860, England consumed 1,083,600,000 pounds of cotton, costing an average of 57d, £26,013,600. In the year 1864, Eugland consumed 561,196,810 pounds of cotton, costing on the average 22 7-16d, or £52,462,804. On the lat of Japaney 1865, the stock On the 1st of January, 1865, the stock of cotton in Liverpool was 466,300 bales and the quantity at sea was 241,500 bales—In ail, 707,800 bales; the price of middling New Orleans cotton was 27 pence per pound

and of other varieties in proportiou On the 24th of February, 1865, the stock of cotton in Liverpool was 577,660 bales, the quantity at sea was 262,000, making in ail 839,660 bales (2 Chinese picals being esti-mated as 1 bale), and the price of middling New Orleans cotton was 1914 pence per pound,
All the cotton on hand February 24th

was either on hand January 1st or the credit for its importation granted. It all belong-ed to Englishmen, and according to English letters "mainly to confederate sympathizers who believe in the unlimited capacity of the "South to tight." The decline in value therefore falls upon our enemies. What caused it? The prospect of peace in this country and the consequent shipment of cotton from here. The average decline was 8 pence or 16 cents per

pound, or \$55 per bale, equal to \$47,000,000 decline in value in two months, caused by rumors of peace here.

A war between ourselves and England would maintain the price of cotton in England, save confederate sympathizers from loss, and prevent our friends the Language of the confederate sympathizers.

oss, and prevent our friends, the Lan-ashire operatives, from receiving speedy employment.

But this is but the beginning of the loss to be inflicted upon England by actual peace in this country and actual peace with

Messrs. Neill Brothers of Manchester, In their circular of January, state:
"If we reflect upon the volume of stock in transit between the grower, perhaps living at the other side of the earth, and the merchant in Liverpool; then from him through the hands of brokers, speculators, and perhaps exporters, to the wholesale warehouseman, and on to the shopkeeper or the exporting merchaut, with perhaps another 10,000 or 15,000 miles to travel, . . . it is impossible to believe that the transi stock of cotton, and the productions there-of, can at any time be less than the equiva-lent of one year's consumption. It was formerly estimated at as much as three

year's consumption."

The consumption of England in the year 1864 was 561,196,810 pounds at 22 7-16 pence average. The mere rumor of peace carried Actual peace would surely reduce the average flown eight pence per pound. Actual peace would surely reduce the average price to ten pence per pound.

A reduction to this one year's stock, always of necessity on hand, from 22 7-16d. to 10d. per pound, represents a loss of \$140,-000 000.

100,000.

If we have in this country between two and three million bales of cotton, the average price of American and India cotton in England may be expected to full for a time to 6d. per pound, say 8d. for American, 4d. for Surats, and this additional fail would represent an additional ioss of about \$41,000,000. And having inflicted this loss upon England by securing present in this country. 000,000 England by securing peace in this country and maintaining peace with her, we then say to her—we have on hand 3,000,000 bales of cotton; we want about one-third for our own use, and you must take the remainder. our next crop will be small, and if you do uot take it, now we, the Northern people, will buy it and peddle it out to you at a higher price. You have no option but to take it; you cannot get any such cotton eisewhere. Pay us gold for it; we have built where where where the property of where. Pay us gold for h, we have here many mills since the war began. We make our own goods now, and we have a high tariff. We don't want many luxuries just now, because when the war ended here, gold came down and our fortunes made on gold came down and our fortunes unade on paper disappeared or diminished, and in this first year of peace we are not apparently so prosperous as we were. We wou't take your goods—you sent home our stocks and bonds in 1861, when you thought our nation was broken. Pay us gold for two million bales of cottou at 20 cents per pound, \$80 per bale or \$160,000,000.

Pay us also \$100,000,000, which your own bankers write us that timid men living

bankers write us that timid men living here in the North and in the South have sent to you to keep safe for them while the war lasted. It will be safer here now.

war lasted. It will be safer here now.
And if this year, after four good harvests, you have a bad harvest, which we know comes to you once in five years with the certainty of an average, then we say to you buy of us one-quarter of the food your people need and pay us gold for that.

We care not that all the gold you have received in the last four years has merely passed through your bank to India and China, Egypt and Japan, whence you cannot recall it; we care not that you have two and a haif million sterling less in your bank thau you had in 1860, and that you have two lank thau you had in 1860, and that you have two lank thau you had in 1860, and that you have two lank thau you had in 1860, and that you

guided countrymen with the means to comguided countrymen with the means to compass their own ruin most effectively—you are our enemies; we will not let you fight us and so save yourselves from ruin; you shall pay us, and in your own ruin you shall give the opportunity for the democrats of England, our true and ioyal friends, to assert their rights. And when in England the majority shall rule, then will the Anglo-Saxon race, bound by ties which no power can break, carry freedom and equal rights to all the nations of the earth.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-Eighth Congress.

[Public-No. 58.] AN ACT amendatory of certain acts imposing duties upon foreign importations. duties upon foreign importations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section six of an act entitled "An act to increase the duties on imports, and for other purposes," approved June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, be amended so that paragraphs second, third and fourth of section six of said act shall read as follows:

Second—On all manufactures of cotton six of said act shall read as follows:
Second—On all manufactures of cotton,
(except jeans, denims, drillings, bed tickings, ginghams, pialds, cottonades, pantaioon stuff, and goods of like description)
not bieached, colored, stalued, painted or
printed, and not exceeding one hundred
threads to the square inch, counting the
warp and filling, and exceeding in weight
live outer ner sonare wird five cents per warp and mining, and exceeding in weight live ounce per square yard, five cents per square yard; if bleached, five cents and a haif per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, five cents and a half per square yard, and, in addition thereto, ten per centum ad valorem. On finer and lighter goods of like description and lighter goods of like description, not ex-ceeding two hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, un-bleached, five cents per square yard; if bleached, five and a haif cents per square yard; If colored, stained, painted, or printed, five and a haif cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, twenty per centum ad valorem. Ou goods of like description, exceeding two hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and tilling, unbleached, five cents per square yard; it bleached, five and; a half cents per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, five and a haif cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, twenty per centum

ad valorem.
Third. On all cotton jeans, denims, drillings, bed-tickings, ginghams, plaids, cot-tonades, pantaloon stuffs, and goods of like description, or for similar use it unbleached, and not exceeding one hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and tilling, and exceeding five ounces to the to the square inch, counting the warp and tilling; and exceeding five ounces to the square yard, six cents and a half per square yard; if bleached, six cents and a half per square yard; and in addition thereto, ten per centuu ad valorem. On finer or lighter goods of like description, not exceeding two hundred threads to the square iuch, counting the warp and filling, if unbleached, six cents per square yard; if bleached, six and a half cents per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, six and a half cents per square yard; and in addition thereto tifteen per centum ad valorem. On goods of lighter description, exceeding two hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, if unbleached, seven cents per square yard; if bleached, seven and a half cents per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, seven and a half cents per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, seven and a half cents per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, seven and a half cents per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, seven and a half cents per square yard; if colored, stained, painted, or printed, seven and a half cents per square yard; and, in addition thereto, fifteen per centum ad valorem. Provided, That upon all piain woven cotton goods, not included in the foregoing schedule, unbleached, valued at over sixteen ceuts per square yard, bleached, valued at over twenty cents per square yard; colored, valued at over twenty cents per square yard; colored, valued at over twenty cents per square yard; colored, valued at over twenty cents per square yard; colored, valued at over twenty cents per square yard; colored, valued at over twenty cents per square yard; colored, valued at over sixteen ceuts per square yard; colored, valued at over sixteen ceuts per square yard; colored, valued at over sixteen ceuts per square yard; colored, valued at over sixteen ceuts per square yard; colored, valued at over sixteen ceuts per square yard; colored, valued at ove over twenty cents per square yard, colored, valued at over twenty-five ceuts per square yard, and cetten jeans, denims, and drillings, unbleached, valued at over twenty ceuts per square yard, and ail other cetten goods of every description, the value of which shall exceed twenty-five cents per square yard, there shail be levied, collected, and paid a duty of thirty-five per centum ad valorem: And, provided further, That no cotton goods having more than two hundred threads to the square inch, counting the warp and filling, suall be admitted to a

less rate of duty than is provided for goods which are of that number of threads.

Fourth, Qu spool thread of cotton, six cents per dozen spools, containing on each spool not exceeding one hundred yards of thread, and in addition thereto, thirty per centum ad valorem; exceeding one hundred yards, for every additional hundred yards of thread on each spool, a fractional part thereof in excess of one hundred yards, six cents per dozen, and thirty-five per centum advalorem. On cotton thread or yarn, when advanced beyond single yarn, by twisting two or more strands together, if not wound upon spools four (4) cents per skein, or hank of eight hundred and forty (840) yards; and thirty per cent ad vaiorem. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That from and after the day when this act takes effect, in addition to the duties heretofore imposed by law on the importation of the articles mentioned in this section, there shall be levied, collected, and paid the fol-

say: Ou brandy, rum, gin, and whisky, and ou cordiais, liquors, arrack, absynthe, and ail-other spirituous liquors and spirituous beverages, fifty cents per gallon of first proof, and less strength, and shall be in-creased in proportion for any greater strength that [than] the strength of tirst On spun silk for filling, in skeius or cops, ten per centum ad valorem.
On iron bars for railroads or inclined planes, teu cents per one hundred pounds. On wrought iron tubes one cent per

pound. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That from and after this act takes effect, In lieu of the duties heretofore imposed by law on the importation of the articles mentioned in this section, there shall be levied, collected, and paid the following duties and rates of and paid the following duties and rates of duty, that is to say:

On cotton, five cents per pound.

On illuminating oll and naphtha beuziue, and benzole, refined or produced from the distillation of coai, asphaltum, shaie, peat, petroleum, or rock oli, or other bituminous substances used for like purposes, forty cents per reallon.

The street Planing Alli, seer Tweiths St.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Sawing, Re-Splitting, Planing, &c., Done
Town and the street Planing Alli, seer Tweiths St.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Sawing, Re-Splitting, Planing, &c., Done
Thomat St.,

ACHOICE LOT OF JUVENILES,
Town and any our gold, and by the saw of trade you shall pay us, USLESS Town and your gold, and by the saw of trade you shall pay us, USLESS Town and your gold, and by the saw of trade you shall pay us, USLESS Town and your gold, and by the saw of trade you shall pay us, USLESS Town and your gold, and by the immutable laws of trade you shall pay us, USLESS You, the aristocracy of England, you, the mend of the saw of trade you shall pay us, USLESS You, the aristocracy of England, you, the mend your gold and by the immutable laws of trade you shall pay us, USLESS You, the aristocracy of England, you, the mend your gold and your gold and by the immutable laws of trade you shall pay us, USLESS You, the aristocracy of England, you, the mend your gold and by the immutable laws of trade you shall pay us, USLESS You, the aristocracy of England, you, the mend your gold, and by the immutable laws of trade you shall pay us, USLESS You, the aristocracy of England, you, the mend your gold, and by the immutable laws of trade you shall pay us, USLESS You, the aristocracy of England, who have build lockade runners and furnished our miss the well and a carry on the bank, whale, or other flates on the proper part was the proper part when the pay interest to the tax provided in the proper without moving a muscle. "Nill section free of an actonitied "An act insection in the proper without moving a muscle." "Six, repleted by the audition of the foundation of the proper part was propered. The foundation of the proper part was proved. The foundation of the proper part was proved and the proper pa

duties contemplated by this act more than

once a year.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the term "statuary," as used in the laws now in force, imposing duties on foreign importations, shall be understood to include professional productions of a statuary, or of a scalarte only.

sculptor only.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall be hereafter collected and paid on all goods, wares and merchandise of the growth or produce of countries of the Cape of Good Hope, (except raw cotton and raw silk as reeled from the cocoon, or not furth-er advanced than tram, thrown, or organzine,) when imported from places west of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of ten per centum ad valorem, in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when im-

ties imposed on any such articles when imported direct from the place or places of their growth or production.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That in all cases where there is, or shall be imposed any ad valorem rate of duty on any goods, wares, or merchandise, imported into the United States, and in all cases where the duty imposed by law shall be regulated by, or directed to be estimated or based upon the value of the square yard, or of any specified quantity or parcel of or of any specified quantity or parcel of such goods, wares, or merchandlse, it shall be the duty of the collector within whose district the same shall be imported or entered, to cause the actual market value or wholesale price thereof, at the period of the exportation to the United States, in the principal markets of the country from which the same shall have been imported into the United States, to be appraised, and such appraised value shall be considered the value upon which days shall be excess. the value upon which duty shall be assessed. That it shall be lawful for the owner, consignee, or agent of any goods, wares, or merchandise, which shall have been actu-ally purchased or procured otherwise than by purchase, at the time and not after-wards, when he shall produce his original invoices to the collector and make and verify his written entry of his goods, wares, or merchandise, as provided by section thirty-six of the act of March two, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An act to regulate the relication of datter regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," to make such addition in the entry to the cost or value given in the invoice as in his opinion may raise the same to the actual market value or wholesaine to the actual market value or wholesale price of such goods, wares, or merchandise, at the period of exportation to
the United States, in the principal markets
of the country from which the same shall
have been imported, and it shall be the
duty of the collector within whose district
the same may be imported or entered, to
cause such actual market value or wholesale price to be appraised in accordance
with the provisious of existing laws, and if
such appraised value shall exceed, by ten
per centum or more, the value so declared
in the entry, then, in addition to the duties
imposed by law on the same, there shall
be levied, collected and paid a duty of
twenty per centum ad vidorem on such aptwenty per centum ad valorem on such appraised value: Provided, That the duty shall not be assessed upon au amount less

teenth eighteen hundred and sixty-five. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect on and after the first day of April, eighteen hundred and

sixty-five.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That so much of sections thirty-nine, forty, for-ty-one, forty-two, forty-three, and forty-four of the act entitled "An act to regulate the [collection ot] duties on imports and tounage," approved March second, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, as requires the branding or marking, and certifying of casks, chests, vessels, and cases containi distilled spirits or teas, be, and the same is hereby, revived, to be executed under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treausury. SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That flax and hemp machinery and steam agri-cultural machinery, as designated in sec-tion 21 of the act, "to increase duties on imports and for other purposes," approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, may be imported free from duty for

one year from the passage of this act.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, Tha in all proceedings brought by the United States in any court for due recovery as well of duties upon imports alone, as of penalties for the non-payment thereof, the judg-ment shail recite that the same is rendered for duties and such judgment, interest, and costs shall be payable in the coin by law receivable for duties, and the execution is-sued on such judgment shail set forth that the recovery is for duties, and shall require the marshal to satisfy the same in the coin by law receivable for duties, and in case of levy upon and sale of the property of the judgment debtor, the marshal shall refuse payment from any purchaser at such saie, any other mouey than that specified in

the execution. Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That the eighth section of the act of March twenty-third, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, "to extend the warehousing system by establishing private bonded warehouses and bishing private bonded warehouses and for other purposes," which anthorized the Secretary of the Treasury, in case of the actual injury or destruction of goods, wares, or merchandise by accidental fire, or other casualty, while in warehouse under bond, &c., to abate or refund the duties paid, or accruing thereon, be extended so as to include goods, wares, or merchandise, injured or destroyed in like manner, while in the custody of the officers of the customs, and not in bond; and also to goods, wares, and merchandise, so injured or destroyed, after their arrival within the limits of any port of entry of the United States, and before of entry of the United States, and before the same have been bonded under the suspension [supervision] of the officers of the customs: Provided, That this act shall apply only to cases arising from and after its pas sage, and to cases where the duties have not already been paid.

Approved, March 3, 1865.

The manager of a country theater looked The manager of a country theater looked into the house between the acts, and turned with a face of dismay to the prompter, with the question of, "Why, good gracious, where's the audience?" "Sir," replied the prompter, without moving a muscle, "he is just now gone to get some beer." The manager wiped the perspiration from his brow and said, "Will he return do you think?" "Most certainly; he expresses himself highly satisfied with the play, and applauded as one man." "Then tot the business proceed," exclaimed the manager proudly; and it did proceed.

NO. 282

Important to Manufacturers. Commissioner's Decision in Regard to the Five Per Cent. Tax.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, Feb. 16, 1865.

SIR: My attention has been called to a practice, which I have reason to believe is very generally adopted by manufacturers, of returning their goods at a stated value, and afterwards charging the tax as a separate and distinct item to the account of the purchaser.

This practice is highly objectionable, inasmuch as it imposes the tax as a direct tax upon the consumer or purchaser, which the law clearly imposes and intends to im-pose on the manufacturer. It may be said that indirectly it is intended to be a tax on that indirectly it is intended to be a tax on the consumer, which is undoubtedly true. But an indirect tax is always more cheerfuily borne, and is therefore always to be preferred when it can be equitably levied. It has this advantage, that the purchaser or consumer is not reminded as often as he makes a purchase, that he is paying a tax. But the great objection to this practice is, that it directly defrauds the Government of a portion of its dues. The law imposes a tax on the actual sale which is necessarily tax on the actual sale which is necessarily inclusive of the tax. A return on any other basis is a short return, and does not give the full amount of tax legally due. If five per cent, ad valorem is the rate of duty, the Government is entitled to five parts, while the manufacturer retains ninety-five parts out of every one hundred of the actual price paid by the purchaser; and the manufacturer must, in all cases, include the whole amount received from the purchaser, in his returns of sales. If he wishes to realize tinety-five cents for an article, he must seil it for one dollar, and in attixing a price for his goods, if he wishes to retain a certain net sum after paying the tax, in order fully to comply with the requirements of the law, and at the same time secure himself, he must make his price one hundred uinety-tifth (100-95) of the net sum to be realized.

To illustrate: A has broad cloth which he would attend to sail the 31-75 new result he.

could afford to sell for \$4.75 per yard, if he could evade the payment of the tax. He makes his bill as follows:

The bill should be made as follows: (No. 2.) D. C. bought of B. A. \$500 00 When this sum is returned, viz: \$500, a tax of \$25 will be assessed thereon for the Government, while the net sum remaining to the manufacturer will be exactly \$4.75. In the first form of bill rendered, the tax

ought to be \$25, and leaves the manufactu-rer \$473 81¼, instead of \$475, the net amount which he desired to realize, so that neither he Government nor manufacturer gets what was intended.
You will, I trust, fully appreciate the force of these statements, and use your utmost endeavors to correct the practice reterred to, so far as it prevails in your dis-

houid be assessed on the \$498 75. But this would give the tax \$24 93%, which

trict. Very respectfully,
JOSEPH J. LEWIS, Commissioner,
EDGAR NEEDHAM, ESQ., Assessor Third
District, Louisville, Ky.

FOREIGN ITEMS. -A man just executed in Odessa had com-nitted twenty-two murders.

-There are over thirty thousand deformd chiidren in Great Britain. -A member of the British Parliament

as been mulcted in \$10,000 for breach of promise of marriage. -Pir Meheme Pasha, the only negro adiral in the Turkisl

—A Paris letter brings the important news that the Emperor has shaved off his imperial, and now wears no beard except is heavy monstache. -The Archduchess Maria Theresa, a retty girl of nineteen years, has just mar-red, at Vieuna, the Duke Philip of Wir-

-Barnum's idea of a baby show has seen imitated at Kingselere, England. Seven babies were entered, and three prizes

emberg.

—They have gotten up a dress-makers' company in London. The object is to reduce the evils which assait the sewing women of that metropolis. Overeight hundred ladies have subscribed to it. -The Spanish Minister of Colonies esti-

nates the expenses of the San Domingo war 200,000,000 reals. Besides the war has oced a deficit of 100,000,000 in the revenue -The Americans in London celebrated

Washington's birthday by a dinner, at which Mr. Morse, the United States Con-sal, presided, and Mr. Adams was the principal guest. -The Empress Eugenie has lately had ost of the crown diamonds, not mounted n the diadem and neclace, arranged as a scinture, by the State jeweiler Bapst. His bill for resetting these jeweis was 30,000f.

-The Empress Eugenie wore, at a dinner given lately to the ministers and chief offi-cers of the Crown, a dress of white muslin, with a tunic of cerese satin, jet and black ace, and a diamond neckiace mounted on

-Public meetings have been held in va-

rious cities of Italy—Milan, Turin, Fior-ence, Bologna, Brescia and Perugia—to de-clare against the abolition of capital pun-ishment, and for the suppression of all reiglous corporations. -Arrangements are making at the Imperial Library at Paris for placing at the disposal of the public on Sundays a room containing a selection of forty thousand volumes, for the special benefit of those per-

sons who cannot attend on week days -A company has started in London for supplying the public with filters for the purification of water, on the same principle hat gas-meters are furnished. They will

be fixed and kept in repair, and a rental charged. -The question whether a priest can iaw-—The question whether a priest can law-fully marry by the laws of France, which is said to have been raised only twice in 60 years, has just been decided in the negative by the Court of First Instance of Paris, pre-sided over by M. Benoît Champy.

The city of Ravenna, Italy, offers a fine site for a monument in memory of Anita, the wife of Garibaldi, who died in a swamp on the Adriatic coast, while her husband on the Adriatic coast, while her husband was holding the Austrian army at bay, and tfers also to contribute a handsome sum

VOL. 1.

LOUISVILLE TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1865.

News of the Day.

Sheridan has safely arrived on the Pamunky. a few miles above White House. He drove Earl's fairly under cover of the walls of Richmond. The famous leader came near being captured by the sallant Custar, and finally escaped with only two thousand men. Interesting particulars of Sheridan's ride will be found on our third and fourth pages. The injury done is far and fourth pages. The injury done is far greater than on any previous raid; and the morale of the rebel army is badly damaged. The fight with Pickett did not amount to much. That general doubtless lack the impudence to stand source were the stand source with the standard problem. Intended nothing more than to cover Early's

Sherman is reported marching on Goldsboro. A number of prisoners escaped from mental right which despotism may tempo-

A Union meeting has been held in Wilmington. The evacuation of Kingston was occa

sioned by the panic among the rebel forces, which rendered it impossible for their lead-ers to use them to advantage.

We have another report of the death of the rebel Gen. Hindman. This time he was killed in Texas, en route to Mexico, with stealings. With the single exception of Pap Price, no rebel general has been killed so much as Hindman. Certainly none deceases the killing as much serves killing so much.

There was some artillery firing in front of the 9th corps yesterday for no special Our gunboats in the Tennessee crossed Elk river shoals and broke up the camp of

the rebel General Roberts. Our monitors in Mobile bay have silend ed two rebel batteries. It is supposed that the place will be obstinately defended. A rebel schooner has been captured at

Pass Cavalto, Texas. The pirate Taliahassee is reported at Ber

muda.

We have two very important military orders this morning. The first, by General Washburne, restricting trade at Memphis, is designed to correct some of the outrageous abuses of the trade system The second is the promulgation of General Pope's plan for the resurrection of civil authority in Missouri. This will attract general attention, and will tend to correct the impression that we are establishing military professorates over consolurity. lishing military protectorales over conquer-ed provinces. That this impression obtains to a certain extent is due not so much to the course of the authorities, as to the evident desire of certain radical politicians to force the government to adopt their views. The report about the pirate Stonewaii at

Ferroll is not very clear. The meaning probably is that a council of the rebel officers have decided to attack the national fleet in the harbor. If the Spanish council had authorized the attack, they would not be likely to mount batteries for the maininto such extreme enterprises. tenance of their neutrality.

The Government is about sending money to Europe to pay the Scheldt dues. There are two sides to this question. Some people are juclined to regard it as condonation of

There are now nine hundred and thirteen national banks, and numbers of applica-

Savers, the prize fighter, is reported dead We have further interesting particulars of the great flood, from Pennsylvania.

Wickliffe Harney ticket, and it was de-nounced universally by the unconditional Union men, as a secession ticket. Among Union men there was no dispute on this point, and there has been none since.

That ticket, as we all know, was overwhelmingly beaten at the polls, as it well deserved to be. Mr. Reasor was, as we are informed, one of the originators of that ticket, and gave it a very earnest support. We suppose that his opinions are the same now as In 1863, and that his most active supporters are avowed secessionists. Of course Mr. Reasor is bitterly opposed to the Constitutional Amendment prohibiting slavery, and if he is elected the result wiil be noised abroad as a secession triumph, and a pro-slavery triumph. We ask the Union voters of Louisville whether they can afford to let Mr. Reasor be elected under these circumstances? We appeal to the business men, the men who have something at stake in the result of this election, and we ask them if they desire that the city of Louisviile shall be disgraced by a secession triumph just as this Infernal rebellion is in its dying gasp?

Col. A. M. Stout, the opponent of Mr. Reasor, is every way qualified to fill the office of City Attorney, and he was bravely defending his country, while Mr. Reasor was doing his best for its overthrow by voting for, and supporting the "not-another-man-or-another-dollar" ticket. If the loyal voters of Louisville do their duty, they will beat Mr. Reasor, and beat him badly.

Humphrey Marshall as a Prophet.

[For the Union Press.] "Nape-of-the-neck" Marshall, infamous traitor as he is and was, was withal quite a prophet. Just after Sumter's fall, though he proclaimed here that he had advised the South's seizure of Sumpter and every other Southern fort, and that he had voted for Breckinridge in anticipation of the emergency which would require their seizure, Marshall, in an inspired mood, treely re-marked in conversation that—

"The South will be whipped like hell; will get the d—dest thrashing that any people ver got."

Well, where and what is "Tub" Marshall now? Though sixty days ago, as a "Representative of Kentucky," he swore he was "just beginning to get mad," "would rather live on beech-nuts than yield," and "never would held!" would yield," may not the same honorable gentleman from Kentucky, within sixty days hence, prove another Falstaff, and turn up with those whom the quondsm Richmond sheets dubbed a "party of whipped seceders, cowed and cowardly, miserable wretches, who brought the war upon the country, and would now surrender to the enemy and eat the crumbs that fall from Lincoln's table?" And within that time may not "whipped seceders" be the dominant and only party left in rebeldom, and manifest to the world the fulfillment of inspired Humphrey's prophecy? would yield," may not the same honorable

inspired Humphrey's prophecy?.

And who will be responsible for their pltiful condition? Let Marshall and his co-conspirators and their copperhead allies at home and abroad answer!

MARCO.

In connection with the measures for the emancipation of the surfs, the Russian government has just taken measures for the education of the agricultural population. Large amounts have been added to the budget for this year, to provide for the founding of village schools, new colleges, for the purchase of books and paper for the poorer peasants, for the payment of teachers' wages and for the purchase of scientific instruments,

The Foundations Gone.

and repeating the old shibboleth of "solemn the penalty of death which the whole people, in a constitutional way, have pronounced upon the institution.

The question is, whether the people can revoke constitutional guarantees, amending the Constitution itself. No doubt there were guarantees in the Consiitution to slavery. That is the reason for

previously in the Constitution, betrays the idiocy into which the advocates of slavery difference drifting. It is curious to lack the impudence to stand square up in 75 cm; Private Boxes. \$5; Second Tier, 35 cents. the defense of slavery as a good, blessed, wholesome thing in itself, and a fundararily suppress, but which nothing can annul. Yet this is the only logical defense

of it now and here. Unless slavery is something worthy of undying defense, of being foilowed through good report and evil report; worthy of ministrations at the hands of its disciples in the day of its vagabondage and want, not less than of ovations in the day of its triumph and power; unless it has such a sacredness as to justify and demand indefinite sacrifices in its behalf, the folly of defending it now in For it is just as sure to go under as generations are to pass away. Already there is but little left of it save the idea. And unless the idea is preclous and immortal there is nothing to waste one's time about in the defense of slavery. The collateral issue respecting constitutional guarantees, &c., has always been the resort of pro-slavery advocates in this State. They have never met the objections squarely in front with weapons drawn from the Calhoun arsenal. We think none the less of them for it. It does but show that there is a stage of moral per-

version which they have never reached. To make slavery the supreme social good, the corner-stone of governmental structure. we are happy to know is not a Kentucky notion. That it was better to bear with slavery than risk the possible shock of its removal, was the most influential argument here. This argument is gone. It is self-stullification to say that the people cannot constitutionally amend their constitution. And there is really not a vestige of ground left for our forters old manner to ground left for our forlorn old munimies to stand upon, unless they capsize the unl-verse South Carolina fashion, call evil good, good evil, and build their temples to the old dragon instead of Jehovah. But men in a

Signers of the Wickliffe Call. [For the Union Press.]

On the 13th of June, 1863, the following gentlemen signed an address to Mr. C. A. Wlckliffe, closing thus:

Having observed your uniform and consistent course since the origin of our troubles, we believe you a faithful representative of our views, and urgently request that you permit your name to be used as a Dem-

We have further interesting particulars of the great flood, from Pennsylvania.

Gold at Gallagher's sold down to 1582.

There is a bad panic in railroad stocks, consequent upon the damaging flood and the decline of gold. New York mercha'ts have begun to mark down their prices to correspond with the fall in gold.

W. G. Reasor, Candidate for City Attorney.

In August, 1863, the rebels, secessionists, and quasi Union men of this State supported a common ticket at the election held at that time. It was generally termed the Wichliffe Harney ticket and it was do.

most bitter and sweeping denunciation of the Administration, Mr. Brannlette, and us Brannlette men. We should like to know what claim any one of these Wickliffites has upon the vote of any loyal Bramlette man, now or in August. Whoever does not produce conclusive proof that he has repented and done works meet for repentance, is untit for any office.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

initials Stamped on Letter Paper and Envet Visiting and Wedding Card ENGRAVING ESTABLISHMENT STATIONERY EMPORIUM. No. 42 West Fourth Street,

east of Walnut Street, Cincinnati. SHIPLEY & SMITH. Special attention given to Coloring Initials Monograms and Urests on Paper.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DIARRAHEA AND DYSENTERY. JO · HOLT GENERAL HOSPITAL, JEFFERSONVILLE, IND , March 9, 1865.

MESSES. J. & C. MAGUIRE, St. Lonis, Mo: You BENNE EXTRACT" is being used in this hospital to quite an extent, and is relieving numb rs who have bee uffering from "Chronic Diarrhea," and they would like recommend it to the public. I enclose you a certificate rom one of them, at his request. I received the Extra from the Western Sani'ary Commission. Very respectfully, A. JOHNSON

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND. March 6, 1865. MESSES. J. &. C. MAGUIRE-DEAR SIRS: Having suffer rith chronic diarrhea from December 1, 1864, until Feb rnary, 1865 and having been under medical treatmen and receiving lit-le relief. I tried a bottle of your Com ponn'l Extract of Benne Plant, which I found to be an ir fallible (ure, and I recommend it the world,

JACOB PLATT,

RAYMOND & CO, No. 74 Fourth street

Meeting of Tobacco Dealers

At a meeting of the tobacco dealers of Lonisville, Ky held at the Ninth Street T-bacco Warehouse, Ma ch 14, 1865, the following resolutions were adopted and ordered to be published in each of the city papers:

Res sived, By the tobacco dealers of the city of Louis ville, that hereafter the names of the owners or sellers of "nested" or false packed bogsheads of tobacco offered in this market for sale shall be published in the city pipers and that a "black list" be k pt at the different warehonses for the purpose of posting such names.

2. Resolved, That the present Committee appointed for

the pn:pose of tracing "nested" or false packed tobacco be anthorized to have such names published, and to call on the dealers to assist in defraying expense of same.

3. Resolved. That no name shall be thus published nn til the Committee have satisfied themselves, bejond doubt, by whom the tobacco was pack d or ofered for sale.

JAMES T. EDMUNDS, Chairman.

M. B. NASH, Secretary. HOWARD ASSOCIATION .- Diseases of the Nervous, Sem nal and Urinary Organs. New and reliable treatment Reports sent free of charge in scaled envelopes. Addres

Dr. J. SKILLEN HOUGHTON, Acting Sprgeon, No. South Ninth st., Philadelphia, Pa d29 3m THE LADIES' KENTUCKY UNION AID SOCIETY WISH to in

-The Rio de la Piata has become a the-It is amusing to see the pro-slavery fossils of Kentucky assuming an air composed of injured innocence and offended dignity, and repeating the old shibboleth of "solemn constitutional guarantees" to slavery, as a defense against the verdict of guilty and the penalty of death which the whole peof at rof war. The Mod de la Plata has become a the ship and has become a the plata has become a the program of war. The Mod de la Plata has bec

AMUSEMENTS.

WOOD'S THEATER. Corner of Fourth and Jefferson Sts.,

PROCORD night of the great eccentric comedian, MR FRANK DRKW, who will appear this evening in THREE SPLENDID PIECES. Fecond night of Mr. Drew's great Bur'esque of CA-MillE, which was received last evening with screams of laughter.

This Tuesday Evening, March 2t, performance will commence with the drama of THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.

After which the great burlesque of CAMILLE. note that the pro-slavery party of Kentucky | Tim O'Brien (with song of the Irish Emigrant) ... F. Drew

Sea s in the Dress Circle may be secured without ex-tra charge. Doors open at % to 7; Curiain will rise at 7% o'clock,

Louisville Theater.

D. A. SARZEDAS. Stage Manager F. J. GARKY.

Second night of the celebrated tragedian MR. BOOTH ROYD FAIRCLOUGH. Second appearance of MISS ADA GRAY, by per-mission of the management of Wood's Theater. on The day Evening, March 21, 1865, will be acted the admired play of

To conclude with the fare of 'T WAS I.

Kentucky is egregious to the last degree. ALVERATION OF TIME.—Doors open at % before o'clock. Curtain rises % before 8. GRAND MATINEE every Saturday afternoon at 2% o'clock. ** REDUCTION OF PRICES.—Private Boxes, 26 & 25. Or-chestra Seata, 21 30. Dress Circle and Parquette 75c. Family Circle 50c. Colored Boxes, 50c. Gal-lery, 25c.

FUEL.

Adamsville Coal.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED THREE BARGES OF ADAMS VILLE COAL, an article said to be superior to the Peacock Mine, Pomeroy. For sale by J. C. RODGERS & CO., 220 MAIN STRKET

FURNISHING GOODS. RETAIL TRADE, TAKE NOTICE! JUST RECEIVE O AT THE NEW YORK STORE, NO. J 233, Third street, between Market and Jeficron, a large and wil selected site for GENTS FURNISHING GOORS, direct rom New York, which we offer to the retail trade at reduced prices. Calt and examine for your selves. JAMES & HILL.

MILITARY.

H EADQUARTERS DRAFT RENDEZVOUS, LOUIS-tille, Ky, March 18, 18-5.

The general headquarters of this rendezvous is estab-lished at the corner of Green, and Center streets, Louisusuage at the corner of Green and Center streets, Louis-ville, and all cersons, except those in he military service of the United States, who have business with the com-manding or other officers, or with the volunteers, drafted men and substitutes, are hereby notified that they will not be permitted to visit Taylor Barracks without a pass from the general headquarters. J. EGBERT FARNUM, Col. 1tth U. S. Vet. Res. Corps Com. Draft Rendezvo

ARMY HORSES. OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, LOUIS ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED. - I will purchase i ARTILLERY HORSES WANTED.—I will purchase in open market at the Government Stables at Louis-tille, Kr., all horses offered suitable for artillery purposes, which fill the following specifications: Artillery horses must be of dark colors, sound in all particulars, strong, quick and activ, well broken and square trotters in harters, in good flesh and condition, from (6) six to (16) tenesars old, not less than (15%) fifteen and a half lands high, each horse to weigh not less than (16%) ten lundred and fitty ponude. Price paid (\$175) one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

By order of Brev. Brig. Gen. James A. Ekin, in charge of First Division, Quarterm seter General's office.

marzi-3st Julin T. ALLEN, capt. and A. Q. M.

mar2:-36t JOHN T. ALLEN, capt. and A. Q. M.

A SSINTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, LOUISville, Kv., March 29, 1865.
CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.—I will porchase in
pen market at the Government Stables in Louisville,
Ky., all horses offered snitable for Cavalty purposes,
which fild the iollowing specificatios: Cavdry horses
must be sound in all particulars, well brossen, in fall
fiesh and good condition, from (15) fifteen to (16) states
hands high, from (5) five to (7) nine years old and well
hands high, from (5) five to (7) nine years old and well
hands high, from (5) five to (7) nine years of age,
prightly and healthy, will be accepted. Price paid (9t65)
one hundred and six y-five dollars.
By ord rof Brev. Brits, Gen. JAMSA. EKIN, in charge
of First Div., Quartermaster General's Office.
mar21-36t JOHN T. ALLEN, Capt. and A. Q. M.

CLAIM ACENCY. Important to Soldiers and their

THE SANITARY COMMISSION

Families.

Soldiers and their Families

In the Collection of

PENSIONS. FAY BOUNTY, dec.,

OFFICE ... Fifth St., near Main, LOUISVILLE, KY.

ADDRES3 H. H. Burkholder, CLAIM AGENT.

Sanitary Commission LOUISVILLE, KY.

DRY COODS.

DECLINE IN DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK STORE.

On Monday, March 20th, I NICONSEQUENCE OF THE BRAVY DECLINE IN

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

We shall offer this week 20 eases best Prints at 20 cents. 50 eases beautiful Prints at 25 eents. 50 eases Bleached Cottons at 25 cents. 50 cases and bales Brown Cottons at 90 cents and upward. 9-4 and 10-4 Sheetings at \$1 per yard.

OUR STOCK OF DRESS GOODS

200 Honey Comb Spreads at \$4 50.

Consisting of GRENADINES, JACONETS, ORGAN-DIES, POPUNS MOZAMBIQUES, LINEN LAWNS PERCALS MCHAIRS, PRINTED DELAINES, etc., etc. will te sold at much less than

GOLD AT 150. OUR SILK STOCK

Is very large, and embrac's almost every pattern and design, and will be sold at UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES.

We desira to call especial attention to our stack of Claths, Cassimers, Claks, Shawis, Manties, Hoop and Balmonal Szirts and Skirting, all of which will and must be sold at reduced prices. S. BARKER & CO.,

NO. 317 FOURTH STREET.

SEED.

SEED OATT-to 0 bushels Prime White Seed Oats SCHICKEDANTZ RONARD & CO. DRAFT INSURANCE.

HUNDRED DOLLARS PREMIUM!

NOTICE TO ALL MEN

LIABLE TO DRAFT

AND JEFFERSON

AGAINST THE DRY GOOD

In Louisville and Jefferson county there are hundreds of men llabie to draft whos business relations are such that serving the Government as drafted men, or procuring substitutes at the present high rates, are alike attended with peculiar hardships.

We have, after deliberate calculation and careful examination, concluded to insure men against the draft ordered for the 15th of February (now temporily deferred), and MONDAY, MARCH 20th have completed our arrangements for the purpose of furnishing and mustering into, the service an acceptable substitute in every case where one of the insured is drafted.

Experience has shown that persons can be nsured against the perils of fire and disease upon a fixed calculation of risks. Are not publicand Individual interests subserved by Best Kid Gloves at \$1 90; insuring against the contingency of being drafted? It is estimated that of the number liable to draft a certain proportion will be

Accepting this ratio as a basis, we feel justified lu undertaking to Insure against the incoming draft, and shall muster in acceptable recruits in proportion to the ratio of quota to the number on enrollment list.

Each man insured will be given, on payment of premium of insurance, a certificate which shall entitle him to exemption, and in the event of his being drafted, we wil furnish the substitute in his name and stead, and thereby procure from the Board of Enrollment his exemption papers, which are to be given him upon his returning said certificate of premium to us.

To those whose busines; relations make it great sacrifice to go as drafted men, and those who, if drafted, would be unable to procure substitutes, the benefits to be derived from such insurance are plain and tangible.

You are insured against the anxiety and personal inconvenience incident to one who knows not but what his name may be drawn from the wheel. From these harassing cares and anticipation you are rerelieved, as we will fill your place with an acceptable substitute, already mustered in. if you are drafted. You are thus spared the pecuniary sacrifice which you must make when, after being notified that you are conscripted, you attempt to pay an exorbitant price for a substitute, when men take advantage of your individual necessity. You are then left to the prosecution of your business and the enjoyment of a home's privilege, and if poor, can you not better pay a moderate sum now than an exorbitant

price for a substitute after the draft? Believing that the public have confidence in our ability to perform what we propose, and of which we will furnish the most satisfactory evidence, we shall enter upon our undertaking. This proposition cannot fail to meet the wishes of hundreds in Louisvilie and Jefferson county, for it insures an acceptable substitute to every drafted mar

who may take insurance of us. We have facilities that few enjoy, a ad shall be careful not to undertake more tlan we can safely, and without fail, thorou zbly accomplish.

We will insure against the draft or dered for the 15th of February, 1865, and all supplemental drafts to fill the quota u ader that call for

sentative in the service phouid secure this

but invite their co-operation in a matter of

Call at the Counting-Room of Demo

crat Office and learn rates at which a

interest to all concerned.

guarantee will be furnished.

One Hundred Dollars! This sum strikes us as so m .oderate as to White Goods, induce hundreds to step pror aptly forward. and avail themselves of the opportunity of-Balmoral Skirts, fered. Indeed, all who heave not a repre-

chance, unless they pref er going themselves if drafted. We are now ready to meet the public, and GOODS FOR BOYS' WEAR, as there are many hundred still needed to do., do., do., fill the quota for the city and county, we may not only solicit their prompt attention,

Fourth Street, bet, Market and Jefferso Be

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

DRY COODS.

East Side Fourth St.,

BET. MARKET AND JEFFERSON.

WILL OFFER

IN

PRICES CORRESPOND WITH

THE DECLINE IN GOLD.

Good Prints, warranted colors, at 184e;

Bleached Cottons at 25e and upward

New York Bleached Muslins at 50c:

Superfine Skirting Cambries at 55c;

9-4 and 10-4 Sheeting at 90c to \$1;

Brown Cottons at 25e and upward;

Check Ginghams at 60c;

75c, worth \$1;

75, worth \$1:

\$1 50:

Fine Plaid Ginghams at 50e and 60e;

Best quality Printed French Percals at

Best quality pi ak, blue and buff Pereals

Best quality pink, blue and buff Lawns

Plain colored. crape bareges at 75 to 85e;

Figured Wood Grenadines at 75c to 85c

Plain colored Poplin Alpacas at \$1 to

Plain colored Silks at reduced prices;

Black Dress Silks at \$2 to \$4 75 per yard

Checked Silks and Foulard Silks;

Black Mourning Silks, all qualities;

Black Grenadi nes, all qualities;

Black Alpaes s and Delaines;

Irish Lineas at 60e to 75e;

Pillow-Case Linens;

Torgels and Towelings.

Black Florent ines, black Challies;

Black Crape Beregas at 75e to 85e;

80e, 90c; \$1 and \$1 25;

Dunbar, Dix.on & Co.'s Irish Linens at

3,000 YARDS

PRINTED LINEN CAMBRIC

For Dresses at 75c to \$1.

500 DOZEN

Cotton Hosiery

at 75c, for mer price \$1;

at 75e, fo rmer price \$1;

Plain Delai nes and Challies;

Best plain colored Grenadines at \$1;

Best Merrimae Prints at 25e;

FOR MAYOR. K. P. THIXTON WE are anthorized to announce PHILIP TOMPPERT, Sr., as a candidate for the Mayoralty at the April elec-THE Hon. JOHN M. DELPH, at the request of parent

ons citizens, has consented to become a candidate for the Mayorally at the ensuing election. mar9-te WE are anthorized to announce WM. KAYE, the pres nt incumbent, as candidate for re-election to the office f Mayor of the City of Louisville at the coming April

W. R. HYDES, the late City Marshal, is a candidate for Mayor at the enening election CITY AUDITOR. WM. McCARRELL, present incumbeut, is a candidate for re-election as City Anditor at the ensuing election.

mht4-dte GEORGE W. DOANE is a candidate for City Andito CITY ATTORNEY.

candidate for City Attorney at the ensuing ele feb13-tf W. G. REASOR is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Attorney.

CITY ASSESSOR. DICK WATTS is a candidate for the office of City Assessor at the cusning April el ction. feblotd A. W. R. HARRIS is a candidate for re-election to the

TAX RECEIVER.

A. RAMMERS, late City Tax Collector, East-rn District, is a candidate for City Tax Receiver at the ensuing GREAT BARGAINS April election. R. P. LIGHTBURN is a candidate for the office of City D. McPHERSON, late Tax Collector in the Wester. District, is a candidate for Tax Receiver at the ensu

> STREET INSPECTOR.
>
> JAS. RAVERTY is a candidate for Street Inspector of the Western Di-trict.

WM. MODENBACH is a candidate for re-election Street Inspector in the Eastern District at the next Apri

COMMON COUNCIL. SAM'L A. MILLER is a candidate for re-election to th m the Ninth Ward. PHILIP T. GERMAN is a candidate for Commo Councilman in Third Ward. PAT. CAMPION is a candidate for re-election as Common C nncilman in the Third Ward.

L. A. WOOD is a candidate for the City Council in the WE are anthorized to announce W. N. HAILMAN for Conneilman for the Third Ward. mar21-te SAM. B. McGILL is a candidate for Conneilman in the Seventh Ward at the ensning April election, 1805.

WE are authorized to announce T. C. TUCKER as andldate for re-election to the Common Council from the Fourth Ward. THOMAS BICADLEY is a candidate for Common Coucil in the Fourth Ward. WILL. D. SMITH is a caudidate for Consoil in the Ninth Ward. JNO. H. THOMAS and D. SPALDING, Jr., are cand

J. HOP. PRICE is a candidate for the Common Co. from the Fifth Ward, C. G. SMITH is a candidate for re-election to the Comnon Council from the Fif.h Ward. P. A. N. BRAD'. EY is requested to become a candidate for the Common Conneil from the Sixth Ward.

mht1-te MANY VOTERS

dates for the election to the Council from the Tenth Ward

SCHOOL TRUSTEE. WE are authorized to announce JAS. C. GILPERT as candidate for re-election to office of School Trustee, Nint Ward.

Large Assortment of Meerschaum Pipes A TU. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S,

Lonisville Legion, is a candidate for School Trastee in the Second Ward. mar20

ACRICULTURAL.

PITKIN, WIARD & CO. SOUTHWESTERN

AND AGRICULTURAL Double width Plaid Foulard Ginghams Warehouse, Best quality Printed French Jaconets at 311 Main St., Louisville, Xy.

> WE INVITE THE ATTENTION OF PERSONS Seeds & Implements.

To onr stock, which is one of the largest which can be found in the Nouth. We have been engaged in this undress in Lonisville for 12 years, and we believe that inly understand the wants of the Panier. We are will ing to sell our goods at a fair living profiguranteelle that everything sold shall be as represented.

Grass Seeds. 1.000 Bush. Red Clover Seed; 1,000 Bush. Timothy Seed; 2.000 Bush. Blue Grass Seed;

1.000 Bush. Orchard Grass Seed 1,000 Bush. Red Top Seed; 500 Bush. Millet Seed; 500 Bush. Hungarian Seed;

Field Seeds.

1.000 Bush. Spring Barley, for Seed: 300 Bush. Spring Wheat, for

Seed; 500 Bush. Hemp Seed; 500 Bush. Top Onion Sets.

Garden Seeds. We have now in store a full stock of FRESH GARDES SEEDS, which we warrant true to name.

Implements.



ALIERY CAST IRON PLOW which has a wider rejectation in the South than any Pi mann! schned in this country. We keep a nill stock them a of their extra points and castings in store, wh we are selling at lowest manufacturers' prices. At chants with find it to their interact to call and see us, We have always in a core a large stock of

Bucke; je Reapers al'd Mowers, Separators, Horse Pakes, Cane Mills and Evaporators, Plows, Cultivators, Cutting Boxes,

Corn Shellers, &c., &c. which we are to lling low for each.

Our Acut at Almanac, giving a description of Security of the land imprements. Will be ready for delivery early in Fe l PITICIN, WIARD & CO.,

lale dawtf A large consign nent of the best brrnds just receive from Eastern manufi acturers for sale by DUEN, B. RKHOUSE & CO., DUEN, B. RKHOUSE & CO.,

. ------

feb20-1m

EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE

If you want anything, If you have anything to sell, If you want Boarders, If you have I out anything, If you have Found anything,

Tell Ten Thousand People at Once by Advertising in the Daily Press.

WANTED.

WANTED-SITUATION AS EDITOR OR CURBE-WANTED-A WET NURSE-Apply at Dr. Ormal-Gray's west side First street, between Green ar-dec20 dtf.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-1510NTER, A SMALL 1RON HAILING Counter for sale chesp. Inquire at the clear stand at the United States II tel. mar21 31 : FFOR SALE-TWO BRICK HOUSES—TWO STORIES each, four roms and servants rooms on Chestrat, batween Second and Third streets. Appy to FRANK CARTER, or D. S. BEN-DICT & SONS.

FOUND.

FOUND-A BUNCH OF KEYS.
Inquire at this office.

FINE HAVANA CIGARS

TOBACCO AND CICARS.

CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES AND SMOKING ARTICLES.

Bright Empress Pounds,

Which we offer to the trade at tow prices at our Factory, on Second street, between Main and W. rket.

Ja27 tf WHITE & REED.

HATS, CAPS, FURS, ETC.

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Wm. F. Osborn,

HEETER & CHAUDOIN

527 MAIN STREET, SOUTH SIDE,

HATS, CAPS & STRAW GOODS

Gents' elegant black and colored Woolen Hats, Boys' elegant black and colored

Hats, Gents' and Boys elegant Staw-Hats---Palen and Leghorn, Elegant Ladies' Trimming Straw

Best Brands of Chewing and Smoking

Tobacco



It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases for which the CEDRON BITTERS are 3 Specific. In all diseases of the Stomach, BOWELS, LIVER OF KIDNEYS; in all affections of the Brain, depending on derangement of the Stomach or Bowels; in GOUT. RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA, and in FEVER and AGUE, it is destined to supermede all ther remedies. It not only cures these diseases, but it revents them. A wine-glass full of the BITTERS, aken an honr before each meal, will obviate the ill of ects of the most nnhealthy climate, and secure the taker goins; diseases under most trying exposure.

DR. JOHN BULL,

PREPARED BY

Gentlemen's Traveling Companions and Cigar Cases IN GREAT VARIETY at C. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S.

FOR SALE-A HOUSE I WILL SELL ON REASON. ble terms my hoose (just finished) on Walnut, above Fifth street. [feb21 tf] A. J. BALLARD.

A T.C. G. TACHAU & BRO. 8, intraming No. 505 Main st., bet, Fifth and Sixty

C. G. TACHAU & BROTHER, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

No. 505 Main street, between Fifth and Sizth.

DEFERRING TO THE ABOVE CARD, WE WILL At all times be presented to exhibit to our friends and patrons a large and well asserted teck. Our goods have been a large and well asserted teck. Our goods have been a large and well asserted or endeavor shall always be castisfy both city and country trade in relices as well as in quality.

C. G. TACHAU & BEO. ja17 3mins

Fine Chewing Tobacco.

THE UNDERSIGNED MANUFACTURERS HAVE on hand and for sale a large assortment of Fine CHEWING TOBACCO, made from the best Sonthern Kennncky lest, put op in large and small packages, suit able to the retail trade, viz:

Bright Empress 10 Lump, Cumberland 1-4 Lump, in caddies, Nectar Pounds, in half boxes,

HATS AND CAPS

AM NOW RECEIVING AND WILL CONTINUE TO receive through the season all the most desirable style; of Gods in \$\tilde{\text{w}}\$ line for Spring and \$\tilde{\text{smooth}}\$ nmmer wear, which I will sell at low prices as the market will sillow. My dock of SHOULIBE STRAPS, 6ELTS, TEAVELING BAGS and HAVERSAUKS will be a blivery low. I have slill a few sets La DIES FUES-fine and medium—which will be sold AT COST.

245 MAIN ST., BET. SECOND AND THIRD,

Wholesale Dealers

Gents' elegant black and colored Fur Hats.

and Leghorn Hats. WE OFFER OUR LARGE STOCK AT THE LOW-est prices, and invite retailers to give us a call and

A T C. G. TACHAU & BRO.'S, ial7 3mins No. 505 Main st., bet, Fifth and Sixth.

his Laboratory on 5th Cross Street, LOUISVILLE. KY.

Our circulation is rapidly increasing, which renders the Press one of the best advertising mediums in the State. We hope our friends will send in their advertisements.

OUR AGENTS. Chas. L. Wedding, Atty. at Law, Rockpor Ind. Chas. D. Vocaning, 2017. As Law.

S. Saim, Troy, Ind.

Rockpor Ind.

S. Saim, Troy, Ind.

Rockpor Ind.

S. Beverett, Hopkinsville, Ky.

J. H. Duncan, Bagdadøkv.

S. M. Pettingill & Co., Park Row, New York

D. G. Venab'e, Frankfort, Ky.

J. S. Besu, Bowling Green, Ky.

Thomas Boardman, New Albany.

Oone, Tunnell & Co., No. 44%, Cherry etreet, Nashville,

Tenn., Chattanooga, Tenn., and Hariotta, Ga.

Oone & Tunnell, Knoxville, Teun.

Peaslee & Co., New York, Beckman street.

H. O. Sternberg, Jeffersonville.

The Press is the Official Paper of the United States for the State of Kentucky and the Southern portion of Indiana and

\$300 BOUNTY OFFERED BY

THE CITY OF LOUISVILLE IN ADDITION TO THE UNITED STATES BOUNTY.

The City of Louisville will pay a bounty of \$300 to each volunteer who may hereaf-ter be enlisted in the United States military service when the certificate is presented showing that a credit has been given to the city of Louisville for the person enlisted or mustered in as above.

WM. KAYE, Mayor.

For Afternoon Telegraph, River News, Commercial, Steamboat Advertisements, etc., see fourth page.

New Revenue Law.

The PRESS of Wednesday last contains the official copy of all the recent amendments to the Revenue Law. An extra edition was printed, and a few copies are still unsold. Price by mail or at the counter

RULE THAT SHOULD WORK BOTH WAYS. -It is quite natural for people to look for a decline in prices of all sorts of merchandise, groceries, provisions, &c., with the fall in gold, but generally heretofore when gold has taken a downward tendency it has not had that effect on the market. Goods have failen some, as we have noticed, but nothing like in the ratio with which they would be advanced if gold would go up at the same percentage it has declined. There is no reason why a man should be compelled to pay as much now for what he eats and wears when gold is at 164, as when it was at 250. Prices should be marked down in something like the same proportion. It is urged that prices must be ruled by the price of gold, and when gold advances the buyer is compelled to pay the advanced prices on everything he purchases, which generally goes to the benefit of the selier. Now the rule should work both ways, and as gold has declined heavily, there should be a correspondingly heavy fall in prices

SHOOTING AFFRAY .- A shooting affray occurred night before last, about nine o'clock, on Sixth street, between Market and Jefferson, between a soidier named James Long, of the 55th Kentucky Mounted Infantry, and a citizen uamed Patrick Leaha. It seems the parties had been in the Sixth Street House drinking, and got into a quarrel. After leaving the house the quarrel was renewed, and Lealia drew a pistol and fired at the soldier, missing him. The latter then drew a revolver and fired at night Magruder was carried ou a stretcher Leaha, the ball taking effect in the abdo-men. Leaha, however, grappled with the volver trom his hands, and beat him on the head with it, cutting and bruising his head with these, supposed Magruder was dead in a frightful manner. The wound of Leaha is not a dangerous one.

REBEL DESERTERS.—One hundred and forty-eight rebei deserters were received at military prison here from Chattanooga, Tennessee, night before last. They all came into our lines and gave themselves up at Chattanooga, and took the amnesty oath.

He was shot in the back, the ball passing the was shot in the back, the ball passing the left scapula and the upper lobe of the left in g, and came out about two inches below the clavacai, or coil or bone. There are four commissioned officers among the number: Capt, C. W. Candler, co. C. 64th North Carolina Infantry, Lieut. J. M. Nutherton, co. C. 64th North Carolina Infantry, Capt. Geo. A. Tyler, 64th Virginia Infantry, and Lient. A. Howard, 2d Kentucky cavalry. They will all be sent north of the Ohio to-day, to remain during the continuance of the war.

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS .- On our first page will be found an important letter addressed to the Assessor of this District ln relation to the proper mode of ascertaining the correct amount upon which the ad valorem tax of five per cent. is to be levied for manufactured goods. There has been a good deal of disputing between the tax payers and the manufacturers on this point. This letter of the Commissioner setiles the question and doubtless will be generally acquiesced in.

THE SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN .- As the period of closing this popular loan approaches, we understand that the desire for its notes ls greatly increasing among small business men. Mr. Galiagher is daily receiving, at his office in the custom house, numerous subscriptions in amounts of from \$100 to \$500. The masses are now finishing up the loan, and their patriotism and confidence in Republican Government will induce them to participate largely ln the three hundred million loan which is to follow it.

ANOTHER IMPRESSMENT OF HORSES,-Capt. Jno. T. Allen advertises this morning for cavalry and artillery horses. It will be noticed that he proposes to give fifteen dollars more than heretofore, hoping that at this advanced price a sufficient number wili be secured. Owners of horses will do well to aid Capt. Allen in his eff rts-for the Government must have the animals, by purchase or otherwise.

[For the Union Press.]

LOUISVILLE, March 20. EDS. PRESS:-In this morning's issue of your paper I notice an announcement of my name for the office of school trustee. Since the time when I consented to accept the position if elected, I have learned that my friend Charles Hebel had previously yielded to the request of friends, and had already presented his name as a candidate for that office. I beg you therefore to withdraw my name in connection with it.

Respectfully,

W. N. HAILMAN.

DAVIDSON DEAD .- A letter was received in this city yesterday by an officer of a Kentucky regiment, from a friend in one of the counties below here, which states positively that Davidson, the guerrilla leader, is dead. He was wounded at the same time that Magruder was, by citizens, and has since died from the effect of his

Sue Mundy and Magruder.

Interesting Particulars of Their Movements Before Their Capture, and of the Wounding of Magruder and Davidson.

We have been furnished with the following very interesting particulars of the movements of the notorious guerrilia leaders, Sne Mundy and Magruder, before their capture, and of the wounding of Magruder and Davidson. They are derived from persons who live in Breckinridge county, who know whereof they speak:

On Sunday, February 26th, Magruder, Sue Mundy, and eleven other guerrilias, passed through Webster, a small village in Breckinridge county, on their way down to a more quiet range; they said times had got too warm for them in the upper counties. Some of them had black velvet stripes up the sides of their pantaioons, the sleeves of their coats were ornamented with smail brass buttons, and their coats buttoned up before with large white buttons. When they reached the neighborhood of Mr. Mi-nor Patc, near the edge of Hancock county, they had been joined by the notorious Davidson and two or three others. Here they were fired on, not by the 17th Kentucky Cavalry, as has been stated, but by two cit-zens armed with Baliard rifles, who were concealed in a deep cut near the road the guerrillas were traveling. There had been ee citizens ou the scout for them, but one of the three showed the white feather, aud ran off when he saw how many they had to contend with; the other two waited until hey got within proper range, when they ook good aim and fired. Magruder and

The citizens being well concealed from the sight of the guerrillas, and protected from their shots, fired upon them very rapidly, and soon caused them to retreat and scatter. A portion went with Davidson to Newman's, in Hancock county, where they arrived about 2 o'clock P. M., where he remained for some several hours; it is said that he had received two wounds in his arm and one in his hody near his him. It is reand one in his body near his hips. It is re-ported by those who profess to know, that he was taken late that evening by his men and carried to Summer Dean's, several miles from Newman's, in the edge of Breckinridge county, where he might have remained for the night; but he told Dean he did not wish to bring him into difficulty, and, therefore, after restling a while, he left for a hiding place elsewhere; and young Dean, who weut with him, conid tell where that is. The two citizens pursued another party of the flying guerriltas, and for two hours fired upon them whenever they could get near enough to them. Capt Fail, of the Breckiuridge Home Guards, and several of his nien, fearning what was up, mounted their horses and joined in the pursnit. They overtook several of the fngitives within a few miles of Hardinsburg gillves within a few miles of Hardinsburg, and shot and killed Jones, formerly of Owensboro, a desperado who richly deserved his fate. They captured Mattingly, who is now here in the military prison, and also three or four fine horses, which they

look to Hardinsburg and delivered to Capt.
Pulliam, in command there.
That night Magruder and, perhaps, one
man went to the house of Mr. William Miller, near where Jones was killed, and compelled him to get a borse and take him up in the direction of Brandenburg. This Mil-ler did with great reluctance, not knowing but they unight be pursued and be shot as well as they. It was with great difficulty that Magruder made this trip; he was so weak from the loss of blood that he had to dismount several times and lie down on dismount several times and lie down on the ground to rest, once as much as an hour and a half. When they were some seven miles above Hardinsburg, they dismissed Mille: and permitted him to return, and Magruder, by some means, managed to reach, about day light, the honse of Mr. Joseph Gray, with whom he was well acquainted, and whose wife is Magruder's cousin, but he was so reduced by loss of blood and fatigue, that it was some time blood and fatigue, that it was some time before she could believe it was he. During that and the following day Dr. Ben. Walthan visited Magruder two or three times, but as the doctor has tor some years quit the practice of medicine, one of the guerrilas applied to Dr. Jessee P. Lewis and ordered him to attend to the case, giving him to understand that he would be severely punished if he failed. Dr. L.'s first visit was late Sunday night, March 5th. That night Magnuder was carried on a stretcher brush-wood, &c. The party t and they were gone to bury him, and so re-ported, which was generally believed through that country. In that hnt Dr. L.

The manner of arrest was about the same as heretofore published. Major Wilson reached Dr. Lewis' house about two o'clock in the morning, ordered him to get up and conduct him and the men with him to where Magruder was, and threatened to shoot him if he refused; and, after the firing ccased a the barn, he made the doctor take in the flag of truce and then go and dress the wounds received by the Union soldiers; and afterwards brought him with the othera prisoner to the city, where he still re-mains, his case not having yet been decided.

attended Magrider seven days, after which he was taken to Cox's tobacco-barn, where

MUSTERED OUT.-Capt. Jones, who has been Commissary of Prisoners at this point or a long time, has been mustered out of the service, his term of service having expired. We understand the Captaiu has received the appointment of Government tobacco inspector in this city.

Capt. Pratt, who has been for some time in charge of the Military Prison, has been assigned to duty as Commissary of Pris-

William West, a resident in that part of the city known as Portland, was arrested vesterday, for disloyal utterances, and placed in Barracks Prison. Mr. West made himself very offensive to some of his loyal neighbors, in manifesting his sympathy for the rebels, and they deemed it their duty to have him arrested.

Phisoners of War.-One commissioned officer and tweuty-nine enlisted men, prisoners of war, were received at the Milltary Prison yesterday morning, from Nashviile, Twenty-two rebel deserters, who have taken the oath, were received at the Military Prison yesterday, from Chattanooga, to be sent north of the Ohio.

Benjamin Franklin, a negro guerriila, died in the East Capitol Prison yesterday morning. He was captured in the southern part of the State and belonged to one of the marauding bands with which that section is infested.

John W. Keliy, deserter from Co. B, 65th Indiana Vols., reported at Barracks No. 1 yesterday, under the President's late proclamation granting pardon to ail deserters who return to duty within sixty days.

BARRACKS.—Eighty-six convalescents reported yesterday at Barracks No. 1 from hospitals here and at other points. Seventy-two men were transferred to Nashviile. 26 to Chicago, and 12 to Lexington.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.-Benjamin F. Abbott and William J. Abbott, of Neshoba, Miss., took the oath of allegiance yesterday t the Provost Marshal's office.

Notice.—The trustees and members of the 1st Univer solitz.—In trustees and members of the lat Univer-salist Sociely are requested to meet at the office of Mr. Gad Chapin, on the corner of Eighth and Market streets, on Wednesday evening, March 22d, al 7½ o'clock. A punctual attendance is expected, as important business will be transacted.

\$300 BOUNTY

JEFFERSONVILLE, INDIANA,

IN ADDITION TO THE

UNITED STATES BOUNTY.

The above bounty of \$300 cash is paid for each volunteer who may be placed to the credit of Jeffersonville township.

Committee—J. G. Caldwell, L. Sparks, J. Johnson, B. C. Pile, G. Poindexter, Eli Mc-Calley and Col. James Keigwin. m14d5*

ADDRESS TO THE COLORED PEOPLE BY GEN. PALMER .- Maj. General Paimer addressed the colored people, by invitation, last night, in the Center Street Church. He spoke for about an hour, and was attentively listened to by the audience that crowded the house. The General said he desired to address the colored people in soberuess and truth, as one who recoguized the manhood of the colored man. He first addressed some words to the colored soidiers, of whom there were a large number present. He said the colored soldier was free under the law of Congress, and not only that, but his family was free also. That law absolved the master from ali obligation to provide for the family of a soldier thus made free, and it, therefore, devolv-Davidson were both wounded by, perhaps, the first shots.

The citizens being well concealed from the sight of the guerrillas, and protected to provide for his own family. He urged it as the solemn duty of every colored soldier to endeavor to provide for his own family, and spoke of the sacredness of family relations. The colored men, he said, must become a selfsupporting race; must show they are capable of taking care of themselves. There is a vast amount of prejudice existing against the colored people now, but that would in time cease to exist if they showed themwe regret we are unable to give this morning anything like a report of the General's speech. It was replete with good advice to the cultural test and the speech of the speech.

> of his remarks, by the applause of the LOUISVILLE THEATER.-Mr. Fairciough made his first appearance last night to a good house, and made a very favorable impression. He is undoubtedly one of the best represen atives of the great character of Richelien. He was weil supported by an excellent stock company. To-night the great play of "A New Way to Pay Old Debts" will be produced, in which Mr. Fairelough will appear as Sir Giles Overreach, and Miss Ada Gray as Margaret Overreach. The farce of "'Twas I" is the

> advice to the colored people, and was well appreciated by them. The General was frequently interrupted, during the delivery

afterpiece. SECURITY AGAINST THE DRAFT .- Fire insurauce, marine insurance, life insurance, iusurance against burglars and insurance against accident-and why not DRAFT INSURANCE? The proprietors of the Democrat furnish an interesting article on the subject in one of our advertising coiumns this morning, which, we are informed. has received the commendation of the Provost Marshai, and is, therefore, worthy the consideration of all subject to the draft.

Frank drew Drew a crowded hous iast uight. His style as a burlesque actor is peculiarly his own, and he must be a bold comedian who would venture to imitate him. The audience were immensely pleased, and applauded vociferously. "My Feliow Clerk" was the best piece presented.

[For the Union Press.] SCHOOL TRUSTEE, SIXTH WARD .- Messrs. Editors: If John C. Nauts, Esq., will permit his name to be used as a candidate for School Trustee in the Sixth Ward, he will be supported by MANY FRIENDS. dl

NOTHING DONE BY HALVES at Emmitt & Co.'s. They require a whole column. It is an interesting and profitable one to read -particularly for the Ladies.

AGRICULTURE .- For the exceedingly interesting and valuable report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for 1863, we are iudebted to Hon. G. H. Yeaman.

Our young friend McGill, so conspic uous for energy and industry in matters pertaining to the draft, proposes to make a draft on the voters of the Seventh Ward at the ensuing election. His name appears in the caudidate column

IMPORTANT TO CANDIDATES. - We are printing election tickets at \$1 50 per thousaud. Save time and money by bringing your jobs to the PRESS office, or Civill & Calvert's, 431 Main street.

POLICE COURT.—Monday, March 20.— John Smith and Peter Everhart were presented on the charge of disorderly conduct. Everhart was fined \$3, and Smith's own bond was taken for his good behavior for six months. John C. Davidson, James Morris, James

Bradley, and Margaret Adams were jointly presented for druukenness and disorderly conduct. Bradley and Margaret Adams were fined \$5 each, and the others dis charged.

Barney Corbrey and Pat Waters, destroying the property of Patrick O'Bannon. Continued till to-morrow.

Leon Scott, vagraucy. Seut to the work-

house for one month. house for one month.

Kate Eilis, E. Riley, Bell Carter, Alice McDonald, and Alice Brown, rlotous conduct, injuring, defacing, and destroyling the property of Josephine and Tennessee Brown. Beli Carter and Alice McDonald were discharged, and the latter committed to the jail for refusing to be introduced and testify as witnesses in the above case. Kate Ellis, Alice Brown, and E. Riley were required to give bail in the sum of \$200 each to answer an indletment.

W. Scott Glore, wholesale and retail dealer in Books and Stationery, Gold Pens, Pocket Cutiery, Cheap Publications, all the Magazines and Weeklies, Photograph Albums and Photographs in every variety (at New York prices); also New York, St. Louis, and Cincinnati Daily Papers, corner of Third and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky.

NEW YORK HOUSE.-For Gent's Furnishing Goods Cheapest and best, go lo the New York House, 333 Third street, near Jefferson, east side, Good Socks Silk Neck Tier, fine White Shirts, Traveling Shirts. Cther oods low in proportion. Cail and examine.
"Yours, truly,"

JAMI JAMES & HILL.

NOTICE.

The Bonds of the city of Louisville, to the amount of \$200,000, authorized to be issued to raise a Bouuty Fund, wili be ready for sale as soon as they can be printed and filled up, which will be in a tew days. The Bonds are for \$1,000 each, with coupons attached for semi-annual payment of interest; one hundred of the bonds being payable ten years after date, and the other payable ten years after date, and the other hundred payable twenty years after date. That the citizens of Kentucky, especially of Louisville, may have an opportunity of making an investment in the purchase of the bonds to such amount as they may wish, those who desire to purchase will please, at once, address the Mayor of the city, giving their name and residence, the number and character of the bonds proposed to be bought and the highest price

posed to be bought and the highest price they are willing to pay therefor. This invi-tation for proposals is not, however, limit-ed to citizens of Kentucky.

BY TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

Sheridan.

His Raiders have Arrived Near White House-Bridge Across the Pamunky Rebuilt--How Gen. Early Was Not Captured--Fight with Pickett's Divi-sion near Ashland--Immense Destruction of Property.

BALTIMORE, March 20 .- A Fortress Monroe letter of yesterday says au arrival from White House at a late hour last evening re-ports the arrival of Sheridan's cavalry force on the north bank of the Paunnky, a few miles from White House at noon Saturday. The bridge across the river which had been partlally destroyed by the rebels, has been repaired by a portion of Gen. Robert's command which was sent to White House some day's since in anticipation of the ap-pearance of Sheridan at that piace. At Fredericks Hali Station a dispatch was

found from Early, saying that he was about to attack Sheridan's flank with 200 men at Goochiand, but he was too late by twentyfour honrs. The next move was to Fredericksburg Railroad. Marching to two crossings of the South Anna one was found defended by infantry behind earthworks. A charge was made and the rebels scattered, having their guns captured. Custar moved toward Ashland, and on the way heard of Early's men again. He promised a fur-

lough to the men who captured hlm, and they pushed on with cheers.

Capt. Burton of the staff, having the swiftest horse, got up with Early's Adjutant.

Burton thinking the Adjutant was Early, demanded his surrender. His an-Early, demanded his surrender. His answear was a shot that wounded his horse, causing him to fall and fastening the Capt, to the ground. Early escaped again but was finally forced to ford South Anna at a daugerous place.
By this time Pickett's Division, under

By this time Fickett's Division, under Longstreet, was hnrried up to near Ashiand. His advauce was met and driven back, and skirmishing eusned, in which the first one and then the other was compelled to fall back. Geu. Sheridau finally moved eastward to the Pamunky, picket-ing one side and Longstreet the other.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The Thires correspondent, writing from White House, says Sheridan has destroyed more property than was ever before destroyed in one ex-pedition. In one day he captured one mil-ilon dollars worth of property. The Ka-nawha and James river canal can not be

repaired in two years.

The banks are cut and levels drained frenently at points where the rapid streams washed out the very bed of the canal itself, At one point near Scottville the bed before our troops left had been washed out ten feet, and a powerful monntain feeder was naking it deeper every hour. From Daje-deoville to Goochland every lock and every level is destroyed so thoroughly that every ortion has to be re built.

Sheridan's command has received sup piles for horses and men in thirteeu connties traversed. The supplies consumed, wasted and issued to the starving poor would have been sufficient to feed Lee's army for months.

North Carolina.

The Surrender of Kinston-Burning of a Rebel Ram-Sherman Across Cape Fear River and Marching on Golds-boro--I-scape of Union Prisoners--Union Meeting in Wilmirgton. NEW YORK, March 20 .- A letter dated op-

posite Kinston, March 14, says the Mayor with a deputation of citizens were on the opposite side to surrender the city. There are uo signs of the enemy.

The rain was burned this morning and is still snoking. The works defending the place were very strong, and the ouly explanation of their being evacuated is the pauic in the rabel structure.

in the rebei army.
FORTRESS MONROE, March 19.—The steamer James S. Green arrived yesterday from Wilmington. She brlngs no later news from Sherman, who, by last accounts received yesterday, had crossed Cape Fear river, and was marching on Goldsboro.

Thirty-nine escaped Union officers came up from Wilmington on this steamer. At that time the rebels were transferring our prisoners from Columbia, S. C., to Charlotte, N. C., in anticipation of the intention of Sherman to release them.

of Sherman to release them. good their escape during a dark storiny night. They crossed the line between North and South Carolina and succeeded in reaching Sherman's forces as they were moving on Fayetteville and were some thirty miles distant from that town; thence they went down Fear river to Wilmington, where they arrived on the 16th. They be-long mostly to Eastern regiments and arc in a destitute condition, many of them having been prisoners for the past year, and the little money they had when capthred had been either spent or taken away

by the rebels.
In pursuance of a call of the Mayor of Wilmington, on the evening of the lath a very large meeting, including some of the most prominent citizens, was held, having for its object the adoption of resolutions, whereby the authority of the United States Government would be recognized and held in obedience. In the dress circle of the theater were seated a large number of ladies

who seemed to be very much interested.

The stage was handsomely decorated with
Union flags placed there lu anticipation of Union flags placed there in anticipation of the meeting by some loyal citizens who ap-parently cutertained no doubt of what would be the sentiment of the meeting. The bands of West's 3d brigade and

The bands of West's 3d brigade and Ames' division, Terry's corps, were in attendance throughout the evening.

Several speeches were made and resolutions adopted. The Mayor of the city, in closing his speech, remarked:

"My friends, let us to-night forget and forgive all past political differences and live only for the future, resolving that from benceforth it shall be our aim to secure peace, promote prosperity, and add to the glory and grandeur of our common coun-iry." This was greeted with prolonged ap-

NEWBERN, March 16, 10 A. M.—Our forces occupy Kugston and are repairing the railroad bridge across the Ncuse river, which will soon be tiuished.

The euemy were demoralized. On leav-

lug Kingston for Goldsboro, most of the North Carolina troops, belonging in the eastern part of the State, took French leave of Bragg and returned home.

The Goldsboro Journal of the 7th states that a council of war was heid not more than 300 miles from that city, on the 4th inst., consisting of their leading Generals, among whom was their great leader, Lee.

Weather very warm and showery; the weather 75° in the shade.

A Coionel belonging to Sherman's arrry has just arrived from Wilmington. He says Sherman will be in Goldsboro on the 20th.

From Washington.

Payment of the Scheldt Dues-The National Banks -- Capture of a Rebel Schooner--About the Patent Law. WASHINGTON, March 20 .- The Governwashington, March 20.—The Government sends out by steamer on Weduesday funds to pay the annual installment of the Scheldt dues \$20,000 in gold. There are now 913 national banks. Many applications are tendered to enter the organization, principally for conversion from state to national banks.

WASHINGTON, March 20.-The Navy De partment has received information of the capture and destruction of the rebel schooner. Annie Daie, by an expedition from the U. S. gunboat Panola, on the 18th inst., in Pass Cavalto, Texas.

Cavalto, Texas.
Washington, March 20.—Congress at the red of the bonds being atter date, and the other wenty years after date. of Kentucky, especially have an opportunity of ment in the purchase of h aunount as they may desire to purchase will idress the Mayor of the name and residence, the national residence, the national hards and the highest price of the bonds pront and the highest price of the name and residence, the national hards and the highest price of the bonds pront and the highest price of the national houses.

WM. KAYE, Mayor.

WM. KAYE, Mayor.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Congress at the last session passed an act providing that any person, whether as an inventor or assignee, for whom a patent was ordered to be issued on the payment of the final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have the right to make application for it, provided such application for it, provided such application, and nothing herein shall be so construed as to hold responsible in damages any persons that the rebel pirate Tallahassee was at Bermuda—— the Boston.

Rebei Pirate Tallahassee at Bermuda—— Fire in Cambridge.

Boston, March 20.—A Liverpool letter mentions the death of Sayers, the prize fighter. Bell's Life contradicts the report.

From Boston.

Rebei Pirate Tallahassee at Bermuda—— the allowance of original application, and nothing herein shall be so construed as to hold responsible in damages any persons after the date of last session passed an act providing that any person, whether as an inventor or assignee, for whom a patent was ordered to be issued on the payment of the final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, shall have final fee, but who had failed to pay thereof, sh

The Great Flood.

Pittsburg under Water—Aqueduct at Free-port Swept Away—Freshet in the Sus-quehanna—Condition of Raiiroads— Damages in the Oli Region.

PHILADELPHIA, March 20.—The Pittsburg Chronicle of Saturday says: The Alburg Chronicle of Saturday says: The Allegheny river during Friday afternoon rose fourteen feet, and one part of this city was comparatively under water. The river washed the steps of the Scott House, at the foot of Irwin street. The lower part of Pennsylvania street was rendered impassable by the flood. The First Ward of the city was flooded, and communication with all bridges cut, except for vehicles. Callars all bridges cut, except for vehicles. Cellars as far as Laycook street were filled with water, and the first floors of buildings were lnyaded by it.

Invaded by it.

Mechanic street bridge was closed to travel in consequence of the fear that it would be swept away. The water was slowly failing this morning. It will donbtiess be within its accustomed banks, and the danger yest. danger past.

By dispatches from other cities we learn

that the acquednct at Freeport and the bridges at Kittaning and Oil City were car-ried off, and Oil City was quite submerged. Franklin was also flooded. The damage to the railroad will no doubt be immense. Every stream and tributary to the Alle gheny or Monongahela is swollen fearfully On the Pennsylvania Railroad, and bridges are reported to have been swept away.

The Fort Wayne road is under water in several places. The Ailegheny Vailey Railroad has been damaged by the loss of

HARRISBURG, PA., March 20.—The extra-ordinary freshets in the Susquehanna and Juniata rivers is subsiding. The water is failing rapidly. The damage to the Penn-sylvania Central is very slight. The road is uow in working condition between Har-risburg and Pittsburg. Eastward trains came through on time to-day from Pittsburg to Harrisburg. The damage to the track that was overflowed east of Harrisburg, six inites, will be repaired by to-unorrow evening, in the meantime the business of the roud to and from Philadelphia and

the road to and from Philadelphia and New York is passing over the Philadelphia and Reading road.

The Cumberland Valley bridge has been repaired and the trains of the Northern Central road between Harrisburg are passing control. ng as usual.

ing as usual.

PITTSBURG, March 20.—Telegraphic communication with Oil City has not yet been re-established. We can give but meagre details of the loss by the late flood. The total loss is immense, being moderately estimated at over two million of dollars. Oil City was completely flooded and many usiness offices were floated away by the water, which rose with unprecedented ra-pidity. Ali the bottom lands above Oil City were submerged, and the McCiintock City were submerged, and the McCintock and Oil City bridge over Oil creek and the Franklin bridge over French creek were carried away. Derricks and tanks containing large quantities of oil came down, and the river was black with floating barrels, most of them filled with oil.

Many petroleum firms suffered heavily. wreck. Houses gone and familles camp-ing along the banks.

All the towns along the Alleghany river

are iuundated. A considerable quantity of oil in barrels will be recovered, having floated into eddies below this city and left At the mouth of Sewickly creek it is estimated that one hundred thousand dollars' worth of property washed ashore. A large field at Manchester is entirely covered with oil tarrels, and one piece of bottom iand a short distance below, about twenty acres in extent, is covered from six to eight iect deep with oil barrels and lumber in a confused mass.

New YORK, March 20.—The schooner

hooting Star of Boston went ashore on the 16th near Barnygate.

The damage by high water to the Erie railroad has been repaired so that trains are now ruuning between New York and Che-

Army of the Potomac.

Euemy Wasting Pewder-Assignment of Troops-speculations-Items from Rich-

WASHINGTON, March 20. - Informatiou from the Army of the Potomac says can-nonading was heard all day Saturday from off the 9th Corps, with any other object, ap-parently, than to advise our troops that they The 114th and 68th Pennsylvania, per-

forming duty at the Headquarters of the Army for some time past, have been relieved and ordered to City Point. They, with the 30th New York and 61st Massachusetts, are to form an independent balgade, under command of Brigadier General Coilis, and will occupy the works at City Point. The 10th and 14th Regulars are ordered to Headquarters in place of the 114th and 68th Pennsylvania. 'ennsylvania. Yennsylvania. NEW YORK, March 20.—The Herald thinks he rebeis will evacuate Richmond without

another battie; and says it is the only alter-native left to save Lee's army. It thinks Lee will form a junction with Johnston at Danville.

Richmond papers contain appeals from the officers recently authorized to raise negroes. They ask the people of Virglnia, who have given their sons, brothers, and

unoney to support the war, now to give their servants, who will be willing to aid in bringing the war to a close.

The Dispatch commends their efforts and thinks the negroes will make good soldlers.

The rebel House, on the 15th passed the Senate bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase specie from any of the Confederate States and pay in treasury The House also passed the bill suspend-

ing the habeas corpus act.
Extracts from Richmond papers of Friday contain no news.

The Dispatch says that two negroes, convicted recently of burglary and sentenced to be hung on the 17th of March, had been

pardoued by the Governor upon condition of volunteering in the military service of the Confederacp. As soon as released from prison they repaired to the colored camp for instruction, and were regularly mustered in. The enlistment of negroes in Richmond goes bravely on. goes bravely on.
The Confederate Senate concurred in the

esolution of the House relative to an adress to the country.

Congress adjourns Thursday at 12 o'clock.

In the State Senate this resolution was ead, but no action was taken:
Resolved, That the banks of this State are hereby prohibited from diminishing the specie in their possession except by loans to the State or to the Confederate States Government, until otherwise ordered; and the Governor is required to render to said banks ail the aid he can to secure safety to their

Foreign Items.

The Pirate Stonewall at Ferrol--She will Attack the National Fleet in the Harbor-Spain will Assert Her Neu-trality--Reported Death of the Pugliist

NEW YORK, March 20 .- The Times' Paris correspondent says: At a rebel council in that city, it is understood that a decislon was come to authorizing Page, commander of the ram Stonewall, to attack the United States fleet in the harbor of Ferrol, Spain. The fleet is composed of the Niagara, Sacramento, and it is presumed the Iroquois. The Stonewall carries a 300-pounder and a thick cuirass, which leads to some apprethick currass, which leads to some apprehension as to the result, as our vessels are not cuirassed. The Spanish authorities, however, have mounted a heavy battery, and are determined to have their neutrality respected.

NEW YORK, March 20 .- A Liverpool let-

Gold Market.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

old 1581-2-Goods Marked Down to Correspind-Decline in Ratiroad Stocks
-Every Thing Unsettled-Reported
Resignation of Gen. Lee.

Resignation of Gen. Lee.

New York, March 20.—The Post says the leading dry goods houses are marking down their prices to-day to correspond with the reduction in the price of gold. The speculation in gold is comparatively quiet and aitogether on the bearside. There were rumors of the evacuation of Mobile and the resignation of Gen. Lee, which dropped gold to 641.

New York, March 20.—There was a very heavy failing off in the railroad list at the stock exchange, and a strong pressure to sell, under the impression that the recent fresh is had damaged some of the leading roads very materially.

leading roads very materially.

The fall in gold and the consequent un-

The fail in gold and the consequent in-settied business has produced a depression in Government securities, in which have been invested large amounts of the reserve funds of mercantile firms. These and other classes have suffered so severely from the panic that they are under the necessity of realizing.
State bonds are duli and heavy. Coal

and miscellaneous shares generally de-pressed, add lower prices made throughout

Gold speculation ruled strong throughout the morning; the average price was be than the closing rate Saturday evening. the afternoon a report was started that Lee had resigned, whereupon there was a fall of 3@3½ per ceut. from the highest point of the day. The news from Sheridan alded the day. The news from Sheridan alded still further to depress the market. Money abundant, but a prevailing uneasiness re-specting credits, which makes it difficult to borrow, and produces the appearance of a very urgent demand. There was more demand for steriing exchange. The produce and merchandise market has sympathized

and merchandise market has sympathized very closely with gold to-day.

Petrolenm stocks are in fair demand and steady. Sales of Commonwealth at 400; Cherry Rnn, 55; Germania, 91; Ocean, 290; Tack, 300; Exceisior, 585; Buchanan Farm, 150; Rynd, 410; United States, 1650. Petrolenm quiet and firmer; sales of crude at 35; @36c; refined in bond, 55@66c; free, 75@76.

NEW YOKK, March 20.—Gallagher's evening exchange quotes gold 159; old 5-20's NEW YORK, March 20.—Gallagher's evening exchange quotes gold 159; oid 5-20's 1051; 10-40's 90'4; New York Central 100'2; Erle 60'8; Hudson 100'2; Reading 99; Michigan Central 99'4; Michlgan Southern 59, Illinois Central 100; Pittsburg 60'4; Northwestern 122'4; Ohio & Mississippi certificates 24; Canton 28; Cumberland 381; Ouleksitzer 65. Morioces 101'4

Quicksilver 65; Mariposa 1034.

The attendance was very large and the excitement intense. Gold after call solid down to 1584, rallied to 1594, and closed at 158%-159 asked. New York, March 20.—Gold closed at

From Mobile.

Two Batteries Silenced by Our Ironclads —Indications of Evacuation—Reported Death of the Rebei Gen. Hudman. NEW ORLEANS, March 13.-The Pica-

ynne's extra says:
On Saturday last an attack was made on two batteries defending Mobile Bay by the monitors, two of which silenced the batteries, driving the men from their guns We obtained this information from an eye witness of the engagement.

It is reported that the rebel Gen. Hind-man, while en route to Mexico, was shot by persons unknown, but thought to be Confederates, between Oak Hill and the Rio Grande. He had a number of wagons and ambulances freighted with tobacco, and it is thought, in addition, considerable plate and coin. When killed, he was lu advance of the train.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The Times' New Orleans correspondent says that a woman who left Mobile on the 5th says that troops are being removed, and there is every indication that the city will be evacuated. Most of the garrisou is outside of the city limits. Rebel officers who recently deserted say the city will be defended, but think it can be taken.

Missouri Regenerate.

General Pope and Governor Fletcher in Accord --- The Gradual Re-Retabilish ment of Civil Law--- A Most Praise-worthy and Patriotic Decree.

St. Louis, March 20.—An important Gen-ral Order from General Pope is published NOTIONS to-day, which is the first step towards giv ing practical effect to the views of his recent letter to the Governor. It decides that, as soon as information shall be received from Governor Fletcher of the re-establishment of the courts and civil authority in any

county or district, promiscuous exercise of martial law then shall cease.

Provost Marshals will be immediately relieved of all duties except those strictly military. All prisoners in their custody, charged with offences cognizable by civil tribunals, will be surrendered to those tribunals.

bunals.

The military authorities are to furnish as: sistance to the civil authorities In the exesistance to the civil authorities in the execution of processes whenever called on, being careful in doing so not to supercede civil by military authority.

All officers and soldiers are enjoined to do

everything in their power to promote the establishment of civil law in the State, but without releiving their efforts to hunt down and drestroy guerrilia bushwhackers and other outlaws.

Tennessee.

Admiral Lee Crosses the Shoals--He
Breaks Up a Rebel Camp.
The Navy Department to-day received
the following from Admiral Lee.
FLAG SHIP GEN. BURNSIDE, off Bridgeport Ala., March 4.-SIR: I have the ho to inform you that I took advantage of the late rise in the Tennessee river and crossed river shoals with the flag the General Thomas and and the General Thomas and went down to Muscle Shoals. I came across Gen. Roberts' camp and drove them off. I pene-trated Elk river. I am meeting with good success in encouraging loyal feeling on the south side of the river. The citizens are coming in and taking the oath. From Interviews I have had with prominent meu I thluk there is uo doubt but that Alabama

will will soon return to her allegiance to the government.

Very respectfully,

N. C. FORREST, Lt. Com. 11th Div. Miss. Squadron

From Memphis.

Cot'on for St. Louis -- Important and Beneficial Trade Restrictions--Gen, Wash-burne Issues a Sensible Order. CAIRO, March 20.-The steamer Belle

Memphis has arrived with 850 bales of cot-Memphis has arrived with sou bales of cottou for St. Louis.

To prevent goods from being sent to the enemy's lines by land or water by means of fraudulent permits, Gen. Washburn has issued an order which prohibits the permitting of goods to go beyond our lines of oc-cupation, except to persons who actually come from beyond such lines and bring in cotton and other products, and dispose of the same to the government purchasing

agent.
The order abolishes the system by which steamboat loads of goods have been allowed to leave Memphis to be traded with the

From Nashville.

"The Year of Jubilee is Come." NASHVILLE, March 20.—A private dispatch from Nashville says that the colored citizens of Nashville had a grand procesion to-day in celebration of the ratification by the people of the revised constitution of the people of the revised constitution of Tennessee, which declares all slaves forever free. Upwards of five thousand joined in the procession, consisting of colored soldiers, barbens, &c., preceded by a band of music. The ceremonies wound up by orations and speeches by colored orators.

CAIRO, March 20 -The steamer Stickney CAIRO, March 20—The steamer Stickney from New Orleans the 15th, has arrived, with 250 hhds of sugar for St. Louis. The boat had just landed when she was discovered to be on fire, but it was promptly extinguished without injury to the boat. There was some inquiry for cotton in the New Orleans market, but no sales. Small sales of sugar at 23% for prime, and 23 to 23% for yellow. Clarified molasses 85c for old crop, and \$1 20 for prime new.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market. New York, March 29-M.

Colton dull, heavy and drooping.
Flour quiet at \$1600 to 20 for Extra State, \$10 50001 75 for R. H. O. and \$10 500 12 for Extra State, \$10 50001 75 for R. H. O. and \$10 500 12 for trade brand; market clearing quiet and heavy.
Whisky dull and heavy; Western is lote \$2 23, and clearing heavy, with buyers generally refusing to pay over \$2 20.

ling neavy, win buyers generally refusing to pay over \$2.20.

Wheat quiel and sleady, No. 1 Chleago Spring \$1.30. Ryo quiel. Barley dull. New corn scarce and firmer; old duit and nominal; common new white \$1.560 at new yo low \$1.5601 59 affoat and delivered. Oats dull and nominally lower at \$1.0501.06 for Western. Coffee from and nothing of interest doing. Sugar quiet. Molasses dull and nominal.

Wool dull.

Petroleum duli; 36c for crude, 35c for bond, and 35c for free.

Pelroieum duli; 36c for crude, 55c for bond, and 74c for free.

Pork decidedly lower; \$29,256,20,37 % for new mess, closing at \$29.25 cash, \$7,256,27 75 for 1-63-4 do cash and regular way, closing at \$27.70 cash, \$85,256,29 50 for prime, and \$256,20 for prime mess; 1,30 bbla new me a for March, April, May, and Jine, sellers' and luyers' option, 2506, 31-50. Beef dull and heavy; \$14.506,17 90 for plain mess, 914 to 21 for extra mess; beef hams leavy; cut meals duil at 16 lo 16% for shoulders, and 11 to 17% for for long ribbed, and 17% to 17% for short ribbed. Lard rather framer and quiet at 17 to 19%. Bullet dull at 140 £2c for thio and 18 to 32 for \$31abc. Cheese quiet.

The object of the state of the should be shoul

CINCINNATI, March 20-M. Figur declined; 35 to 10 for superfine, and 35 55 16 7 69 or common to choice extra. Wheat unchanged, 31 63 16 70; white 31 55 to 2. Coru duif; ear 90c. Oals 69 10 70c, white 41 55 to 2. Coru duif; ear 90c. Oals 69 10 70c, whisky dull; small saies at 32 15, but sales of any maglitude could not be made.

Provisions dull; city mess pork sold at 330. Bulk seats were offered at 11 to 16c. City lard at 19/5, without alse. Sugar 17 to 19c. Coffee 26 to 38c. Nails declined \$1. Can-lies \$4 and soap \$2. Butter very dull.

Union League

Meets at the hall this evening at 71/2

NEW BINDERY .- We have fitted up a Book Bindery on cur own premises and are prepared to execute first class work at reasonable rates. Blank Books of any size or rolling manufactured to order. Magazines bound and jubbing of all kinds promptly altended to. With Bindery and Job Printing office under our own eye, we can offer inducements that should secure a large share of patronage.

CIVILL & CALVERT.

the Harpers and received by CIVILL & CAL-VERT. Price, \$7 50.

FURNISHING COODS.

GOODS

GREEN & GREEN'S.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Has just received a large and line assortment of

AND

13 Main Street, bet. Fifth and Sixth.

WM. W. MORRIS. EDW. HOGG. A. GOWDY. WM. W. MORRIS & CO.

405 MAIN ST., 105 CHAMBERS ST., LOUISVILLE, KY, NEW YORK. WHOLES. LE DEALERS IN

FURNISHING GOODS. SUTLERS' GOODS.

405 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

TEMPORARY REMOVAL ON ACCOUNT OF

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS AND DEALERS IN FURNISHING GOODS ectfully inform their customers and i seretally, that in consignence of the irstore by fire on the 27th of Februa

C. LICHTEN & CO.

lion of their it re by the on the 27th of February last, they have to imporarily removes to No. 219 Fit in street, between Main and Market, up stars, where they will open immediately an entirely uses stock of SRIN 5 (LOTHING) of their cwn manufacture, and a fresh musp of Parnishin. Goods adapted to this market being praced to effer to our petrons inducement. and facilities such as will not be surpassed by any other house in our line, we futter ourselves with the same parronage we have enjoyed in the past.

(2. LICHTEN 2.0).

P. S. We will reoccupy our old store on the perchast corner of Main and Fifth as soon as it will be rebuilt.

ESTABLISHED IN 1852.

KAHN & WOLF. MANUFACTURERS OF

438 Main St., cor. of Fifth,

Large and Varied Assortment of NEW STYLES

Suitable for city and country trade, and we cordially invite merchants to give us a call and examire our stock.

Mr. K.A.H.N. devotes his pursoonlattention to the manufacture of our Citything in Philaselphia. He is an experienced buyer, purchasing from first hands exclusively for each, and our facilities generally es able us to offer advantages that cannot be surpassed. Ea tor West.

The liberal accommodation we have heretofore given, we are witting to extend to all good man in the trade, \$2027-dawtf.

Cincinuati Market.

LUXURIOUS .- The new library edition of Thackeray's VANITY FAIR in three of the most sumptuous volumes a book-worm ever gloated over, has been published by

SPRING HAS COME!

AND WITH IT

A Large and Varied Stock of

H.S. BUCKNER

WHITE

FURNISHING GOODS

To witish MERCHANTS' and SUTLEES' attention to

LOUISVILLE, KY.

NOTIONS, STATIONERY,

AT BASTERN PRICES.

CLOTHING.

CLOTHING

LOUISVILLE, KY. WR WOULD INFORM OUR FRIENDS AND CUS-tomers that we are now receiving from our manu-factory in Philadelphia a

SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING

New York, March 20.—The Herald's Mobile Bay correspondent, of the 9th inst.,

Refugees who had come into the Union lines from the city of Mobile reported that the rebel troops had been going from there since the 1st of February-some of them going to South Carolina; but there still remained in and around the town about 15,-000. Most of these, however, were citizens, many of them very young boys and old and infirm men.

An attack by the national forces was daily An attack by the national forces was daily expected, in anticipation of which the women and children were being sent away. There was great distress among the poor, cornmeal selling for \$15 per bushel, flour \$2 50 per pound, and bacon \$4 50 per pound. One dollar in greenbacks sold for twenty-five dollars in rebel notes.

Twenly thousand bales of cotton were piled up in a heap at the depot of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, ready for transportation into the interior as soon as the rebels should become convinced of their inability to bold the place.

to bold the place.

The citizens believed General Maury, the rebel commander, would burn the city if he

was compelled to abandon it.

A severe wind storm visited Mobile for nearly twenty-four hours. Two transports of the national fleet were driven ashore, and some damage was done to one or two other

The Times's correspondent gives the de tsils of Sheridan's movements. After leaving Columbia, a movement was made orthward, striking the Central railroad at several points, when it was broken up.
While on the way Custar learned that
Early, with 2,000 men, four hours before
was flying toward Richmond. This was the first heard of hlm since he was at

NEW YORK, March 20.—The Tribune says it has private information that Gen. Lee has notified Jeff Davis that it is impossible with the means at his command to make head against the Union forces now concentrating for his overthrow.

NEW YORK, March 20. - Files of late Richmond papers show that the efforts to raise negro regiments for the rebel armies have commenced in earnest. The official order has been issued, and a rendezvous for the reception of recruits, slave and free, has been established. All who are received will be mustered in for the war. Gen. Lee, in a letter written on the 10th

inst., urges on the work of raising and or-ganizing negro troops. He says he is very anxious to witness the first experiment in fighting for the rebel cause.

The Tribune's Army of the Potomac correspondent of the 16th says: All goes to show that we will have a short but severe campaign in a few days. A series of cou-tests will have begun between the two great armles that will cause profound ex-citement throughout the North.

The Tribune also has assurance from the highest quarters that Secretary McCullough mignest quarters that secretary accumough will issue no more gold bearing interest bonds, and that no addition will be made to the volume of currency.

The Tribune's Washington special says:

Information from Sheridan to-night says that he is on the war path, and will soon be heard of again, inflicting much punishment on the rebels. on the rebels.

Secretary Stanton, who is from the front

to-day, says that Grant knows just what

inches an hour. Weather clear. Thermometer 68; barometer 29:40 and falling. PITTSBURG, March 20, M.—River 18 feet by the pier mark and falling. Weather

RIVER MATTERS.

MONDAY, March 20, Gen. Lytl , Cincinnati,
Morning Star, Henderson.
Wren, Ky. riv r.
Navada, Pittsburc.
W. R. arter, N. Orleans.
Oilve, Nashville. DEPARTURES.

inati. Huntsville, Nashville ti. Olive, Pittsburg. Nevada, St. L. uis, Bark Mary E berts, N. O.

THE RIVER was rising very fast yesterday and during the night previous, with about 17 feet water in the canal last evening. During the previous 24 hours the river had risen 3 feet at the head of the falls and 6 feet at Portlaud. The weather was clear and pleasant all day.

On the falls last evening there was 13 or 14 feet water over all obstructions, in the channel, and the bark Mary Roberts in tow of the Walker Morris was taken over the falls in safety, drawing nearly twelve

feet water.
At Cincinnati up to Sunday night the river had risen some 4 feet in the previous 24 hours, and it was then 15 feet below the high water of the previous week

A late New Orleans dispatch says the Mississippi was very high and had over-flowed its banks above Baion Rouge, thereby cutting off telegraph communication above that place. Fears are entertained of much damage, as the rise of the river was sudden. A small crevasse has been made in the levee on the west bank, near Baton Rouge, and apprehensions are felt of its extending.

The Kanawha river was falling on Saturday morning, but had overflowed its banks, reaching a hight within seven feet of the flood of 1861 and a foot higher than

on the 4th inst.

At Cinciunati at noon yesterday the river was rising two inches per hour, with 44½ feet water in the channel.

At Pittsburg the river was falling with 18

feet water in the channel.

Of Capt. Sanders of the packet Wren, that arrived from the Kentucky river yesierday, we learn that that stream had risen 5 feet at Cedar Lock up to Sunday, and still rising.

rising.

From the present indications we think no fears need be entertained of another freshet in this quarter, as the tributaries below Pittsburg, with the exception of the Kanawha, have not risen very much, and all have to come out together to make a flood. The Kenlucky river is at only a moderate stage, and we hear of no rise in the Licking or Miami, or any of the Northern streams.

ern streams.

Quite a fleet of boats were in port yester-

Quite a fleet of boats were in port yesterday, including the splendld new steamer W. R. Carter, Capt. Logan, from New Orleans. She ascended the falls, and proceeded to Cincinnati.

The Atlantic was busily engaged yesterday in taking on a load of hay for Nashville, and the Huntsville, and Mercury were sent over the river to load for the same destination.

The Pilgrim and Caroline came in from Nashville yesterday, with cargoes of cotton for this port, and the Bermuda had 100 hhds of tobacco.

of tobacco,
The fleet Palestine, Capt. Crider, came up
from Nashville on fast time, having been
only seven days out on the round trip,
hence to Nashville, and back again to this
part.

hence to Nashville, and back again to this port.

The fleet Irene, as we learn by special dispatch from Capt. Darby, turned back from Cincinnati last evening for this port. She is due here to day, and will goto Nashville direct to-morrow evening.

Thanks to Messrs, Murrell and Hutchinson, cierks of the Morning Star from Henderson, for a manifest.

The Morning Star, Capt. Ballard, is the regular mail and passenger packet this

evening for Evansville, Henderson, and all way places. She starts at 5 o'clock, providing sumptuously for passengers.

The Morning Star is at the foot of Fourth

street.
The regular morning line mailboat to-day for Ciucinnati is the Gen. Buell. She starts at 12 o'clock, and William Taylor, the attentive clerk, tickets passengers through

to the East by the early trains.

The Major Anderson, Capt. Dugan, is the evening packet for Cincinnati to-day, running in conjunction with the morning mail line. She starts at 5 o'clock, providing comfortably for passengers comfortably for passengers.
FOR NEW ORLEANS.—The splendld new steamer Indiana will be at the wharf to-morrow en route for New Orleans. She is a fine boat, and Capt. Neal an experienced of-

ficer, who provides sumptuously for passengers. State-rooms can be secured on appli-

gers. State-rooms can be secured on application to Moorhead & Co., the agents.

The late freshet has washed out Brown's lock, on Green river, which prevented shipments to or from Bowling Green.

The freshet at Pittsburg is from both rivers, the Alleghany and Monongahela. The Argonaut, Empire City, Glide No. 3, Siiver Cloud No. 3, and Armenia, were at Pittsburg Friday, loading for lower ports.

At St. Louis Salurday evening the Missis-At St. Louis Salurday evening the Missis-sippi was steadily rising, with fifteen feet water to Cairo, and the late high winds had broken the levee at Cairo and other points, doing an immense amount of damage. There were forty-five steamers in port at

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER. NASHVILLE, PER PILGRIM-52 bls cotton, Gheen Bro; 8 pkgs drugs, Robiusop.

& Bro; 8 pkgs drugs, Robiuson.

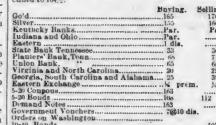
CINCINNATI, PER GFN. LYTLE—248 exp pkgs, 3 hgs rarn, 1:9 barrels apples, 13 hxs oysters, 4 hids tobacco, lonsig-aces, 8 pkgs seed, Tait, Son & Co; 12 Lls straw, Mclailum & Co. ARNTUCKY RIVER, PER WREN—35 hhds tobacco varehonses; 145 bgs corn, Robinson, 230 bls hay, anndries wners; 50 bdls shingles, Moorchead & Co. HENDERSON, PER MORNING STAR—25 head cat-le, a bbis-egs, 3 bbis whisky, 289 begs corn, 120 do cats, 5 do corn, 27 hhds tobacco, 35 head cattle, 41 bbis oil, 10 to flour, owners, 38 bgs oats, 29 bbis apples, Griffith & Gaard

NASHVILLE, PER BERMUDA-8t hhds tobacco, NASHVIL'E, PER CAROLINE-115 bal-a cotton, Mc Ferren and Menetes; 6e do do, Brchanau; 449 green hides 5 bdls sheep pelis, Hopkins, Smith & co.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION PRESS, MONDAY EVENING, March 20, 1865. There was not much animation in the market to-day, hough holders manifested more firmness than on Saturdny, and prices are fully snstained. A very decided declise, however, has been established for most of the ar-ticles of consumption, though provisions, which are rather scarce, with a steady demand for Government use. appear to be maintained. The weather is pleasant and spring like, and the river is again on the rise, and the fails are navigable for the largest steamers.

The money market is very close, though quiet, with but little doing in discounts or exchange. The old banks are withdrawing their circulation as fast as they can, and do not receive each others notes on deposit. Exchange still ranges on the East at from ½ to ½ premium. We notice a new counterfeit of the 50 cent pos'ai currency, the red hacks, which is calculated to decieve the unwary. It is a close lmitation of the gennine, though on softer paper and the engravings very coarse and rough. Gold opened in New York to-day, as we learn by private dispatches. at 167, with no further dispatch received up to 3 o'clock P. M., and the brokers were inlying and selling at the following quotations, though in the evening gold had declined to 16414:



[Our quotations apply exclusively to the wholesal rade, nniess otherwise stated. Retall and jobblug sales ere at an advance ou these rates.]

BAGGING & ROPE—We quote a sale of 20 pieces good

vered. Pomerov to boats, delivered 25c. COUNTBY PRODUCE—We quote green appies at will be sent FREE to any address.

66 25 66 50 per lihl, for choice selected. Dried apples

Call for SEELYES CATARRII feet 5 inches in the last 48 hours; now 44 feet 15 inches in the channel, and rising two inches an hour. Weather clear. Thereach Shaker, \$585@615 doz. Cheese-Western Ber iots, 21@21/sc to the trade, and 22c to retailers; Ham-burg 22@22/sc. Dairy cheese, choice, 23@24c. Feathers Weather dull, and buyers are offering 5tc. Flax seed buying at \$2 10@2 15. Ginseng nominal at 95c@\$1 00. Bean-

nominai at \$2 10@2 25 for white. Petatoes are in demand at \$1 50@4 75 for common, while choice Northern command 5 00@6 15 in lots, and smaller sales at \$5 25 @5 30. Unions scarce at \$7 0 @18 00 % harrel. Egg re quote at 22@23c per dozen for fresh packed.

CEMENT—We quote sales of the Louisville Hydranlic

in lots at \$2 75@3 00 per bbl. CORDAGE—Sales of Mauilla at 27 to 20c, the latter for mall sizes. Oakum commands lec. Jute 21@25c. FIOUR & GRAIN—The markst is quiet, and we quote common to good superfiue flour at \$7.75@8.50, as to brand, plain extra \$5.75 to 9, and extra family \$9.25 to 9.75, as to braud, with dray load sales of favorite brands of extra family at \$9.8969.90. Fancy brands continue to retail at fancy prices; any \$10.30\$\text{\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$}\$}\$ (0.50\$\text{\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$}\$} (1.50\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$}}\$} (1.50\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$}}\$} (1.50\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$}}\$} (1.50\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$}}\$} (1.50\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$}}\$}} (1.50\$\text{\$\ext{\$\text{\$\exitint{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\te stores. Oats rauge from 75 to 85c, with small sales of seed oats from stores at \$1 to 1 lo. Nothing doing doing in

GROCERIES-Limited sales of rio coffee at 38@39c Brown sugaris lower, Island ranges from 19 to 22c, and N. O. fair to prime, at 22@21c, Hard, refined, crushed, &c. 24@24 %c iu bh's, and 25c for standard brands. Yeliow suga sugar 22@22c ln hhis. Plautation molasses, new, \$1 30@ I 35 in bhls, and \$1 25@1 36 in half bbls. Eastern slrups, as to package and quality, range from \$1 45 to 1 40. Goo

HAY-Light supplies of baled Timothy, with sales of 50 bales on the wharf at \$27@25 per tou for choice, and imited sales from stores at \$30 per tou. Straw scarce at els@20 per ton.
PROVISIONS-Market quiet, with sales of cholce

igar cured hacou hams at 23c, and porkhouse shoulders t 18c. Nothing else reported. SEEDS-Limited saics of clover seed at \$14.50 per bush and not much doing ln other qualities. WHISKY-We quote raw nominal at \$2 15, and a sale of 21 bhis Franck's Bourbon, four years old, at \$4 per

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. Monday .- The market was rather more buoyant to

ay with an increase in the sales, and much better prices realized, owing to the quality of the tobacco, which was belter on all grades than the breaks of last week. The 2,000,000 Envelopes Assorted. sales at the four auction warehouses to-day amounted to 97 hhds at the following range of prices:
PICKETT—s hhds at \$7 to 8 25, 5 at \$9 to 10, 6 at \$11 to 14 36, in at \$15 25 to 17, 5 at \$15 20, 5 at \$20 25 to 22 25, 2 at \$22 50 to 28 25, 1 at \$31 25, and 1 at \$33.

NINTH STREET-8 libds at \$6 10 to 7 90, 5 at \$10 to 13 75, 4 at \$15 50 to 18 50, and 2 at \$20 to 22 75. BOONE—Sales of 14 blds at \$3 to 7 40, 2 at \$6 to 9 50, at \$150 to 13 50, 3 at \$14 25 to 15, 3 at \$15 25 to 15 75, 2 at \$16 75 to 17 25, and 1 at \$20 25. LOUISVILLE-2 hhds low grade at \$6 to 6 30, 3 hhds at \$8 50 to 9 10, 2 at \$12 25, and 1 at \$14 75.

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMTS

CROCERIES.

JAMES A. FRAZER, WHOLESALE GROCER

AND COMMISSION MERCHANT Nos. 66 and 68 Walnut St.,

Cincinnati, O. OFFEES, TEAS. SUGARS, SIRUPS, SPICES, &c. Fish of all kinds and all sizep packages. Lor 2 continuance in the trade enables me to offer pecial inducements to buyers.

DRAFT FUND.

Subscriptions to the Draft Fund WE ARE APPOINTED BY THE JEFFERSON VV County Court, in conjuction with the present com-nitiee, to receive subscriptions from regident of the lonn'y outside of the city. No Person can have the ben-fit of the County draft fund without pains (\$20) twenty Oblars.

Payments can be made at the Angelger office, Jefferson street, near Third; J. G. Witson's office, Jefferson street, near Ceater; or at the Connty Court Clerk's office, ANDREW MONROE, J. P. D-ERN, J. G. WILSON.

Subscriptions received for all of the Reviews and Magazines, by Civill & CalSTEAMBOATS.

For Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans, INDIANA, J. Stuit Neal, Master,
Will leave as above on WEDNESDAY,
, at 4 P. M., POSITIVELY.
MOURHEAD & CJ., Agents. For Nashville.

Will leave as above on THURSDAY, the 2d lust., at 4 P. M., POSITIVELY.

MOURHEAD & CO., Agents. Madison, Carroliton and Keutucky River Packet.

WREN, Sanders, Master,
WREN, Sanders, Master,
WEUNESDAY and FRIDAY at 3 P. M. from the City
Whart. Returning she leaves Cedar Lock ever/ TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SUNDAY. For freight or pearage and to the bard. U. S. Mail Line for Cincinnati

MORNING BOATS.
GEN. LYTLK and GEN. BUELL—
Leave Daily at 11 A. M., from wharf-boat,
foot of Third street. EVENING BOATS.

NICK LONGWORTH and MAJ. ANDBRSON-Leave Daily, at 3 P. M., from wharf-beat, footof Third street.

JOS. CAMPION, Ag't, Wharf-boat. oc22 dtf

1864. 1864. Louisville and Henderson U. S. MAILBOATS,

For Owenshore', Evansville and Henders: connecting at Evansville with the Cairo and Evansville Packets. The new and light draught steamers MOBNING STAE and TAEASCON will leave every Tuesday Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 5 P. M.

NOTICE. All freights and passengers must be at the Portland wharf before 5 o'clock P. M., as the boats will not be delayed after that time nuder any circumstance. Letters bills of lading, packages, dc., must be left with the Assenta, on Fourth sreet, between Main and the river before 5 o'clock P. W.

MEDICAL. LIQUID

CURE WARRANTED II directions are followed.

SYMPTOMS.

The Symtoms of Catarrh are at first very slight. Per sons find they have a cold, then they have frequent at-tacks, and are more sensitive to the changes of temperature. In this condition, the nose may be dry, or a sligh discharge, thin and acrid, afterward thick and adhesive

As the disease becomes chronic, the discharges are ln creased in quantity and changed in quality; they are now thick and heavy, and are hawked or coughed off. The seretions are offensive, causing a bad breath; the voice thick and nasal; the eyes are weak; the sense of smell is lessened or destroyed; deafuess frequently takes place. Another commou and impertant symptom of Catarrh is that the person is obliged to clear his throat lu tho morn-ing of a talck or slimy mucens, which has fallen from tho bagging at 23c, together with 26 colls machine rope at head during the night. When this takes place the pers 0½c. and 75 pounds baling twine at 24c.
COAL—Fair supplies, with sales of l'ittsburg, affoat, at 21@22c, and a sale at 23c; retail sales continue at 32c, de-

Write for our pamphlet describing fully all symptoms; it Call for SEELYES CATARBII REMEDY and take no

DR. D. H. SEELYE & CO., FREEPORT, ILLINOIS.

DR. SEELYE'S

BRONCHIAL SYRUP.

AN UNFAILING REMEDY FOR
UGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT
HOAKSENESS, AND IRRITATION OF THE
BRONCHIAL TUBES OR LONGS, TICKLING IN THE THROAT, AND GROUP. The s'rup is especially beneficial in affections of the Throat and Bronchial Tubes, caused by Catarrin, greatly assisting in its permanent cure when used in connect ou

with the remedy. If taken la time it never fails to curs the soverest cases of croup.

Being agreeable to the taste, safe for children, speedy in its effects giving strength to the voice and lungs, it will soon find its way into every family in the land. Price,

DR. D. H. SEELYE & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS,
FREEPORT, ILL.
WILSON & PETER, WHOL'SALE AGENTS FOR KENTUCKY.

Soid at retall by drugg sts everywhere, feb20-codtf

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

A. V. DUPONT & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale PAPER.

Highest Market Price Paid for Rags. 10,000 Reams Assorted Wrapping Paper; 500 Reams Straw Boards;

550 Gross Bonnet Boards; 100 Cases Assorted Letter Paper; 1,000 Reams Manilla Paper;

A. V. DUPONT & CO.,
9 Main atreet

FUEL.

Pomeroy Coal. THOSE WISHING 's MERCY COAL FOR COOK.
Ing and parior nee; also, first rate PITTSBURG
OAL can be now supplied by leaving their orders at
OLNSKAP & O'CONNOR'S Coal Office
ou Third street, bet. Market and Jefferson.
Or Southwest corner of Brook and Market.

W. L. MURPHY,



East side Third Street, near Main.

SBURG COAL

OBDERS BY RAILBOAD AND COUNTRY WAGONS

MY BROTHERS'S WIFE:

A LIFE HISTORY. A NOVEL.
BY AMELIA B, EDWARDS. othor of "Barbara's History," "the Ladder of Life," etc.

8vo, Paper, 50 cents.

[From the New York Evening Post.] At this day, when so many indifferent, namby-pamby noves are thrust upon the public—novels which it is a wear isome waste of time to read—we are quite sure that it is a kindly act to direct our readers' attention to such beautifully, written, and in many cases superior, works of fiction as are these by Miss Edwards: CIVILL & CALVEBT. For sale by

MUSICAL

THE

GREAT

NEBER

IS PRE-EMINENTLY THE

While the Steinway Plano is justly celebrated for its the Drings and other Planos for power, the Weber Plano and is the only known i straument of which it may, with of a perfect instrument, viz: Gerar rower, sweetness TY OR SOAR and DEBALITY.

EOARD OF DIRECTORS—1855.—E 'ward Modienhaner. Presidents; Jno. C. White, Secretary; J.E. Williams, Treasurer. Abytisory Commuters.—S. B. Mills, Max Maretzek. Thomas, R. bert G. Idbeck. Similar testimonists regard. J. Frod. Hopkins, Robt. Heiler, Chas. Fradel, Fred. Bassford, Geo. F. Bristow, S. H. Outier, Emil Brandles,

LOUIS

DRY COODS. JAMES M. STEVENS No. 628, MAIN STREET, Nearly opposite Louisville Hotel,

LOUISVILLE, KY. Wholesale Dealer in Hosiery, Meerschaum Pipes, Gloves, Imitation India Rubber do

do

Shirts Drawers. Brier Root Wood Suspenders. Pocket-Books, Handkerchiefs, Neck-Ties, Poeket-Milrors, Scarfs. Jewelry, Combs. Towels, Brushes Soaps, Pomades, Buttons, Threads, Perfumery, Ladies' Belts, Travelling Bags, Belt Buckles, Belt Ribbons,

Violins, Paper, Envelopes, Velvet Ribbons, Silk, Worsted, and Pencils, Cotton Braids, . Pens, &c.;

Foreign & Domestic NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS

In Great Variety.

We are constantly receiving New Goods adapted t the wants of the trade, which will be sold low for cash. COUNTRY and CITY MERCHANTS and SUTLERS

The Election of Abraham Lincoln. IN order to prove my faith by my deeds, and being fully convinced now, that the American people will have to subject itself for another four years to the rule of the "tyrant and usurper," and that in that emergency, gold and genral merchandise will experience considerable down ward tendency, I have concluded to reduce the prices of my well assorted stock of

Dry Goods, Cloaks, Mantillas, Rich Dress Goods, Bonnets, Mats, Shawls, Silks, Domestics, And everything eise usually kept in a first class Dry Goods House to such figures as will justify everybody from the highest to the lowest to pitch in.

If you want Bargains call at No. 429, south side Market between Fourth and Fifth streets, and see whether I mean 8. GBIFF. It you want Bargalos call at No. 429, south side Market between Fourth and Fifth streets, and see whether I meawhat I say.

8. GEIFF.

20 HIIDS NEW OBLEAMS CLARIFIED NEW SUser.
For sale by NEDICT 4 20N9

Louisville City National Bank.

NEDIGE + GUNG NATIONAL BANKS.

DIRECTORS:
C. N. WARREN,
W. C. KENNEDY,
J. B. O'BANNON,
THOS. E. WILSON. J. B. O'BANNON, THOS. E. WILSON,
THIS BANK IS NOW OPEN FOR THE TRANSACtion of a general Banking business.
For the present the office is at the Banking Hense of C.
N. Warren & Co., Main sirest, be ween Fourth and Fifth,
A call of 50 per cent on the capital stock has been made
by the Directors, 25 per cent, payable 1st April and 25 per
cent, payable 1st May. R. S. MOXLEY, Cashler.

C. N. WARREN, President.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK Of Louisville,

DIRECTORS: JAMES BRIDGEFORD, V. R. BARTLETT, JAMES BROWN, S. S. BUSH, U. G. HAVISON. WM. E. HUGHES.

THIS BANK IS LOCATED FOR THE PRESENT AT the old stand of Tucker & Co., on the east side of Fourth street, between Main and the river, and will transact a gene all Bauking, Exchange, and Collecting husiness. Prompt attention given to collections.

JAS, BRIDGEFORD, President.

GEO, B. ALLISON, Cashier.

Planters' National Bank. OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,

WASAINSTON, FEO. 9, 1855. J

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PREsented to the undersignet, it has been made to appear that "THE PLANTERS" NATIONAL BANK OF LOUISVILLE." In the Cup of Lonkville, in the County of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Cougress, entitle "au act to provide a National currency, secured by a pletge of United States bouds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1864, and has compiled with before commencing the busin say of banking under said act.

Now, therefore, 1, Hugh McCullongh, Comptroller the Currency, do hereby certify that "the Pianters National Bauk of Louisville," in the City of Lonkville, lauthorized to commence the husiness of banking under the act aforesaid.

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY

The Second National Bank, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, February 2d, 1865. Washington, 1865.)

Where the transport of the Currency of the country of the co

Noresaid.

In Testimony Whereor, witness my band and [L.s.] seal of office, this second day of February, 1865.

HUGH McCULLOUGH, febit-46t

Comptioller of the Currancy. Comptoller of the Currency.

THEASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Feb. 8, 1865.
WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE PREsented to the undersigned, It has been made to appear that "the Louisville City National Pack," In the
city of Louisville, in the County of Jefferson and State of
Kinducky, has been duly organized under and according
so the requirements of the act of Congress entitled, "an
act to provide a National currency, seemed by a pledre of
United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation
and redemption thereof," approved June 3, 1884, and has
compled with all the provisions of said act required to be
complied with before commencing the business of banking under said act.
Now, therefore, I, lingh McCullough, Comptroller of
the Currency, do hereby certify that "the Louisville, in the County
of Jefferson and State of Kentucky, is anthorized to
commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid..... In tastimony whereof witness my hand and seal

JOHN GODFREY'S FORTUNES BY BAYARD TAYLOR. 11 Price 22 25. For sale by CIVILL & CALVERT, dec9 dtf

INSTRUMENTS.

WEBER PIANO FORTE BEST PIANO IN AMERICA. And therefore not excell ed by any in the World.

> dent; Theodore Moes and Lonis Schrelber, Vice Presi-Carl B. rgmann, J. N. Patils n. Carl Anschntz. Theodore ing the Weber Plano Forre have also been received from Brandeis, Wm. Misson, Jno. Zundel, E. Mizio, W. B. Thes. Moelling and others.

(Late Tripp & Cragg) SOLE AGENT, No. 321 Fourth st., Louisville, Ky.

INSURANCE. Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire.

Participation or Return Premium Plan! Cheapest and Safest System of Insurance

BENJ. D. KENNEDY.

INSURANCE AGENT, Office No. 413 Main Street, south side, betwe Fourth and Flith, over D. O'Hare's Trunk Store, Louisville, Kentucky. I AM PREPARED TO ISSUE POLICIES ON BUILD INGS, STOCKS OF MERCHANDISE, FURNITURE IN DWELL INGS, RESTS, LEASES and other instrable property, against loss or damage by fire, at current range, on the Participation or Return Premium plan, by which three-fourths of the entire profits of the Company are refunded each year to the policy holder.

Coutinental Insurance Co., New York City, Cash Capital North American Fire Insurance Co., New York City, Cash Capital Washington Insurance Co., New York City, Cash Capital Capital Co., New York City, Cash Capital Capital Capital Ca Capital. 600,000

Home Instance Co., New Haven, Cash Capital... 650,000

All fouces fairly and liberally adjusted and promptly

paid. BENJ. D. KENNEDY,

in 28 3m

KING & OWEN,

UNDERTAKING.

UNDERTAKERS At the Old Stand, South-east corner Jef-

ferson and Third streets. HAVING THOROUGHLY CHANGED THE OLD house and fitted it up for our business in a style heretofore nuknown in this city, we will devote our time exclusively to the burial of the dead, for which purpose we will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

I. C. SHULER & CO.'S

ustly celebrated Air-tight Galvanized Wronght Iro sakets and Cases, which for lightness, durability, stylind fluids, aurpass autything before offered to the public We also keep on hand CRANE, BREED & CO. S and V. M. BAYMOND & CO. S Metalic Burial Caskets and sees. Also, a large assortment of Wooden Cottins and offin Mountings. All calls attended to promptly night r day, in the city or country, by one of the firm in peron.

The senior partner of this house has the exclusive gency for the sale of I. C. SHULER&CO.'S Caskets and asses in the Eastern Division of Kentucky, commencing the mouth of Salt River (excepting some three of our onnties where they are now sold,) and is prepared to runsh Undertakers with them by calling at our office order Third and Jeffersons streets.

KING & OWEN, jan2

W. WYATT, UNDERTAKER 8, W. COR SEVENTH & JEFFERSON STS.



K EEPS constantly on hand a complete assertment of Crane, Breed & Co.'s Latest Improved Patent ME FALLIO BURIAL CASES AND CASEETS, Wooder files furnished at the shortest notice.

ALL OBDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO DAY OR NIGHT N. B. Having had the contract, since the commence ment of the war, for the burial of Deceased Soldiers, I act enabled to keep a complete register of the name, company regiment and hospital of all deceased soldiers in and about Lonisville, Ky.

Relatives and friends can receive any information desired by addressing me at my office.

I keep constantly on hand metallic and zinc cases for shipping pressure of the state of

PROFESSIONAL. DR. J. B. BURNS (LATE SURGEON 3D KY. V. I.) respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Loulaville. Office and realtene, 502 Fith street, westside, between Green and Walunt.

D. Burrs has practiced medicine fitteen years; three years of that time a thearmy. Especial attention given to Surgery.

JOHN FELAND BEN. H. BRISTOW. BRISTOW & FELAND, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Witi give prompt their attention to all business cutra their care WATCHES AND JEWELRY J. J. HIRSCHBUHL. Watchmaker AND

JEWELLER, No. 233 Main Street, one door above Third, LOUISVILLE, KY. ILITABY GOODS, AS SWORDS, SABRES, PIS-tols, Military Trimmings, &c., Carlot Repaired.

Music Boxes, all sizes; Jewelry, of latest styles; Ladies' & Gent's Watches: Silver and Plated Ware; J. J. HIRSCHBUHL'S

JEWELRY STORE,

No. 233 Main at., one door above Third.

CO-PARTNERSHIP. WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE ASSOCIATED on reserves together under the name and style of HUTCHINGS, DUNCAN & CO. Or the surpose of conducting a WHOLESALEGROCERY AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, and hope, by prompt attention to business, to merit a liberal portion of the patronage.

J. A. 1 UNCAN, W. W. FRAZER, BEN. O. WEAVER,

DAVID B. HUTCHINGS, JAMES A. DUNCAN, Of Hardin County, Ky. W W. FRAZER,
Late Frazer & O'Brien. Late with Hinfman & Duncan HUTCHINGS, DUNCAN & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN Leaf Tobacco & Country Produce, North Side Main St., bet. 7th and Sth, LOUISVILLE, KY. Strict attention pa'd to the sale of Bacon, Lard, Pork Wheat, Flour and Whisky. Orders and consignments so feb23-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. LEAF AND MANUFACTURED

TOBACCO AGENCY. LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & GEO. W. WICKS. 315 Main Street, Louisville, Keutucky, TOBACCO AGENT AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

J. C. RODGERS & CO., GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, BEANS, DRIED FRUITS. Salt and Coal. No. 220 Main Street, bet. Second and Third, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer by Permission to

R. M. CUNNINGHAM, Cashler First National Bank.
J. B. SMITH, Vice President Foard of Trade,
Dr. D. J. GRIFFITHS, Examining Surgeon U. S. Army. A. H. & W. O. GARDNER, WHOLESALE GROCERS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 118 Main st., bet. 4th and 5th, I doorabove Citlzens' B'k,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

JAS. P. HULL. WOODRUFF & CO., Wholesale Grocers COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Tobacco Factors

Wines, Liquors & Cigars, No. 317 Maln st., bet. Third and Fonr LOUISVILLE, KY. NOTICE.—ROBERT FLOYD, Est., is admitted a part ner in our honse from this date. The style will be as

MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG. MITCHELL & ARMSTRONG, Provision and Commission Mer-

chants,

222 Main street, bet. Second and Third, LOUISVILLE, KY., DEALERS in Pork, Bacon, Lard, Fionr. &c. for the sale of Alcohol, Cologne Spirits, Bon. Raw Whiskles. &c., &c. DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO. GENERAL Commission and Forwarding Mer-

LOUISVILLE, KY., A GENTS for different brands of Plng Tobacco, Flour A Raw and Fourbou Whisky; also for Champagne and Sparkling Catawoa Wines. S. P. CABY. J. M. DAVIS & CO.,

Commission Merchants

And Wholesale Dealers ln

OCERIES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

chants.

No. 428 Main Street,

627 Main St., between Sixth and Seventh, LOUISVILLE, KY.

GEO. W. WICKS. (Successor to Nock, Wicks & Co.) TOBACCO AGENT General Commission Merchant, No. 315 Mainst., bet. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, RY.

Agent for the sale of Maysville, Ky., COTTOS
(ABNS, TWINE, &c. jy29 dtf ABNER COOPER. COMMISSION MERCHAN'S %. 314, Main, between Third and Fourth ats ASH paid for Feathers, Lard, White Beaus, Dries Fruits, Gineeng and Beegwar.

**FOrders for any goods in the city promptly fitted, main w

HARDWARE.

W. B. BELKNAP & CO., IRON MERCHANTS

NO. 236 MAIN AND THIRD Sts. 500 tuns Stone Coal and "Ty rone" Iron;

500 tuns Charcoal & Sligo Iron;

3000 k'gs Nails from 2d to 60d; 1000 kegs Wrought and Cut 1000 kegs Horse & Mule Shoes; 200 k'gs Horse & Mule Nails; Springs and Axles;

Blacksmith's Tools:

Plowmaker's Materials:

Manilla Rope and Oakum; Lead, Block Tin and Spelter: Pittsburg Coal in Hogsheads,

GOVERNMENT VOUCHERS

Taken for goods in our line. We buy old metal, such as IRON, COPPER AND BRASS

COLLIS ORMSBY.

Importer and Wholesaio and Retail Dealer In HOLIDAY PRESENTS! FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE, 410 Main St., N. S., bet. Fourth and Bullitt, LOUISVILLE, KY.

> Hardware and Cutlery. CKATES, SHOVELS AND TONGS, COAL HODS, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Ladles, Irons, Walters, Coffee and Spice Mills, Nut Cracks, Foot Scrapers, Nails, Tacks, Artificial Eyes Inserted without Brads, Locks, Latches, Bolts, Hinges, Hooks, Traps, Hoes, Rakes, Mattocks Spades, Wheelbar rows, Ear Mulis and Tools and Builders' Hardware of eve ry description, Wholesale and Retail by

A. MeBRI. DE G. BAURMANNI. FOREIGN & DOMESTIC HARDWARA.

ALSO GUNS AND PISTOLS. No. 633 Main Street between Sixth and Sevent? LOUISVILLE, KY.

CUTLERY AND GERMAN GOODS,

The most intensely interesting, as well as eminently instructive and useful Novel of the Season. MARGARET,

HER BRIDESMAIDS. CIVILL & CALVERT. RAILROADS.

CHICAGO RAILROAD.

WII DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, 9:30 A. M. chicago Express, daily (Sundays at Mitchell for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kansas City, and all points West, also at Green Castle and Lafayette for Terre Hante, Marton, Alton, Lecatur, Springfield Jacksonville, Quiney, and all points in Central Hingsis and at Michigan City for Detroit. Chicago, and all points Northwest. 9.20 P. M. St. Louis and Cairo Night Express, for all points West and Morthwest, and for Commentions and all Eastern Cities.

Only one charge of cars to St. Louis, Chicago and Clucinuati. Basgas; checked through from the Hotels. For further information and through tickets apply at the office of the Company, souther est corer Mana and Third streets, Louisville, Ky. Office open sundays from 5to 70 cto k P. M. S. S. PARKER, Agent. B. F. Masten, Supit.

Third streets, Louisvine, 2. S to 7 o cio k P. M.
B. F. Masten, Sup't. LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD.

Change of Time. ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, OCT. 9,, 1864, TRAINS will leave the Depot, corner of Niuth and Broad-5 A. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN FOR NASH-7 A. M. MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAIN FOR Nashville, Bowling Green and Clarksville daily 7:30 A. M. EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAIN FOR LEB-anon, Perryville, Danville, Harrodeburg, Campbellsville and Columbia daily, except Sunday. 7:30 P. M. FREIGHT TRAIN FOR LABANON. 2 P. M. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN FOR BARDS-town daily, except Sunday. 1 P. M. MAIL & PASSENGER TRAIN FOR NASH

B. MARSHEL. TOBACCO WAREHOUSE.

PHELPS, CALDWELL & CO. POLIBAILFE

5.30 P. M. THROUGH FREIGHT TRAIN FOR NAFH-

TOBACCO WAREHOUSE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Gifte corner of Tenth street.

LIVERY STABLE. Livery and Sale Stable.

HAVE ample from for storage and all the facilities to making quick sales and prompt tetures.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING BOUGHT THE LIV ory and Sale Stable of W. R. Link, on Second, between Main and Market (near the Galt House), would respectfully announce to the public that they hope, hy strict attention to business, to merit a liberal share of public astronage. patronage.

Horses and Buggles and Saddle Horses for Hire.

Horses kept by the day, week or month.

Special attention given to the Purchaw and Sale of Horses and Mules.

WANTED,—1,600 Horses and Mules, for which the highest market price will be paid.

W. S. DEHONEY & CO.

LOUISVELLE, Kv., October 27, 1864.

STOCKS.

Quartermasters' Vouchers AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS

Bought at the Best Rates, by

BREWERY.

C. L. RADWAY & CO. 221 Main St., South side, bet 2d and 3d.

AND WM. PADDON & SON. BREWERS OF PURE

Paie, Amber, Stock and Bitter ALES AND BEER. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO SHIPMENTS. CITY BREWERY. SIXTH ST., WEST SIDE, BET. MAIN & WATER,

XX AND XXX.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

BONDS. COUNTY BONDS.

ON TUESDAY NEXT WE WILL BE READYTOS WILL
Genuty Bonds, ordered by the Genuty Conress and anetorrised by the Kentucky Lessislature, to prove the,
county from draft. These bonds are for 2500 and 3 feet
part by the Later and fast in teventy years. We will
county County Circk's office. As the Councy of the
other cebt, and her taxes are designed for the redemption,
this is one of the very best investments for capitalists,
ANDREW MONROE,
G. P. DOERN,
J. G. WILSON,

PROPOSALS. QUARTARMASTER'S DEPARTMENT, U. S. A.,

Indianapolis, Indiana, Maich 9, 1885.

seai-d proposals will be received at this office nuttil to clock A. M., TUESHAT, March 28, 1885, for terminolog the materials and erecting the State Military Grands in Indianapolis, Indiana, within one hundred (this days from date of contract, a U.S. General Hospital, to conform strictly to plans and specifications on file in this office. from strictly to plans and specifications on file in the form strictly to plans and specifications on file in the form of bid and gnarantee can be had on application to this office.

But with good and sinterest security will be required of successful bidders.
All hids will be endorsed "Proposals for erecting flost and addressed to the control of the ltai," and addre sed to JAMES WILSON, Capt. and A. Q. M. Vols., mh13-10t Indianapolis, Indian

OPTICIAN.



Causing Pain.

oldal Glasses set in old frames.

Glasses will be sent to order if it states
ey rominent or sunk, and what length of

SUNDRIES.

MOLASSES D 100 deg Brooms, Shaker and luitation; In soc. 20 and for sale by D. S. BENKDIOT & SON.

SUGAR-

100 bags choice Rlo Coffee; In store and for sale by D. S. BENEDIOT & SON.